inpro



Consolidated financial statements made in conformity with the International Financial Reporting Standards as at 31 December 2016



Unless indicated otherwise, all amounts were given in thousands of $\ensuremath{\mathsf{PLN}}$

CONTENTS

SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA CONCERNING THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF THE INPRO SA CAPITAL GROUP	
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF TOTAL INCOME FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31/12/2015	
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF THE FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31/12/201	15 6
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF THE CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE PER ENDED ON 31/12/2015	
CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31/12/2015	
ADDITIONAL INFORMATION AND EXPLANATIONS	11
1. General information 2. Information concerning related entities. 3. Composition of the Parent Company's Management Board and Supervisory Board . 4. Approval of the financial statements 5. Grounds for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements 6. The platform of the applied International Financial Reporting Standards 7. Early adoption of standards and interpretations 8. Amendments to accounting principles in use 9. Material values based on professional judgement and estimates 10. Accounting principles applied 11. Information on operating segments 12. Costs and revenues 13. Income tax 14. Assets and liabilities relating to the Company's Welfare Fund 15. Earnings per share 16. Dividends paid and proposed 17. Property, plant and equipment 18. Investment property 19. Intangibles	12 18 18 20 20 22 34 39 46 46 46 49
20. Business combinations 21. Inventory 22. Trade and other receivables 23. Other financial assets 24. Total cash and cash equivalents 25. Share and other capital 26. Provisions 27. Interest bearing credits, leases and bonds issue	58 59 60 62 64
28. Trade and other liabilities	76 78 85 91

Unless indicated otherwise, all amounts were given in thousands of PLN

36.	Remuneration	of	the	statutory	auditor	or	entity	authorised	to	audit	financial
stat	ements										94
37.	Events after the	ba	lance	sheet date	e						95

Gdańsk, 21 March 2017

Full name and function	signature
Piotr Stefaniak President of the Management Board	
Zbigniew Lewiński Vice-President of the Management Board	
Krzysztof Maraszek Vice-President of the Management Board	
Elżbieta Marks The person responsible for keeping the books	

Unless indicated otherwise, all amounts were given in thousands of PLN

SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA CONCERNING THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF THE INPRO SA CAPITAL GROUP

Selected data concerning the condensed consolidated financial statements of the INPRO SA Capital Group							
	01/01/2016	01/01/2015	01/01/2016	01/01/2015			
	-	- 31/12/2015	-	- 31/12/2015			
	31/12/2016 PI N	,000	31/12/2016 FUR	31/12/2015			
Net sales revenues	204 631	211 021	46 765	50 426			
Gross profit (loss) on sales	63 453	57 645	14 501	13 775			
Profit (loss) on operating activities	38 131	33 694	8 714	8 051			
Gross profit (loss)	36 805	32 370	8 411	7 735			
Net profit (loss)	29 339	25 799	6 705	6 165			
- attributable to non-controlling shareholders	1 630	896	372	214			
Earnings (loss) per share in the Parent Entity (PLN/EUR)	0,6920	0,6219	0,1582	0,1486			
Net cash flows from operating activities	21 584	40 586	4 933	9 698			
Net cash flows from investing activities	(8 321)	(4 742)	(1 902)	(1 133)			
Net cash flows from financing activities	(22 981)	(47 331)	(5 252)	(11 310)			
Net cash flows	(9 718)	(11 487)	(2 221)	(2 745)			
	31/12/2016	31/12/2015	31/12/2016	31/12/2015			
	PLN	000	EUR	'000			
Total assets	358 121	368 184	80 949	86 398			
Total assets Liabilities and provisions for liabilities	358 121 112 485	368 184 139 367	80 949 25 426	86 398 32 704			
Liabilities and provisions for liabilities	112 485	139 367	25 426	32 704			
Liabilities and provisions for liabilities Provisions for liabilities	112 485 8 716	139 367 6 374	25 426 1 970	32 704 1 496			
Liabilities and provisions for liabilities Provisions for liabilities Long-term liabilities	112 485 8 716 40 682	139 367 6 374 36 563	25 426 1 970 9 196	32 704 1 496 8 580			
Liabilities and provisions for liabilities Provisions for liabilities Long-term liabilities Short-term liabilities	112 485 8 716 40 682 63 088	139 367 6 374 36 563 96430	25 426 1 970 9 196 14 260	32 704 1 496 8 580 22 628			
Liabilities and provisions for liabilities Provisions for liabilities Long-term liabilities Short-term liabilities Equity - attributable to non-controlling	112 485 8 716 40 682 63 088 245 636	139 367 6 374 36 563 96430 228 817	25 426 1 970 9 196 14 260 55 524	32 704 1 496 8 580 22 628 53 694			
Liabilities and provisions for liabilities Provisions for liabilities Long-term liabilities Short-term liabilities Equity - attributable to non-controlling shareholders	112 485 8 716 40 682 63 088 245 636 12 119	139 367 6 374 36 563 96430 228 817 10 880	25 426 1 970 9 196 14 260 55 524 2 739	32 704 1 496 8 580 22 628 53 694 2 553			
Liabilities and provisions for liabilities Provisions for liabilities Long-term liabilities Short-term liabilities Equity - attributable to non-controlling shareholders Number of shares (pcs)	112 485 8 716 40 682 63 088 245 636 12 119 40 040 000 6,1348 average PLNra 01/01	139 367 6 374 36 563 96430 228 817 10 880 40 040 000	25 426 1 970 9 196 14 260 55 524 2 739 40 040 000 1,3867 average PL	32 704 1 496 8 580 22 628 53 694 2 553 40 040 000			
Liabilities and provisions for liabilities Provisions for liabilities Long-term liabilities Short-term liabilities Equity - attributable to non-controlling shareholders Number of shares (pcs) Book value per share (in PLN/EUR)	112 485 8 716 40 682 63 088 245 636 12 119 40 040 000 6,1348 average PLNra 01/0: -31/1:	139 367 6 374 36 563 96430 228 817 10 880 40 040 000 5,7147 the in the period 1/2016	25 426 1 970 9 196 14 260 55 524 2 739 40 040 000 1,3867 average PL 31/12	32 704 1 496 8 580 22 628 53 694 2 553 40 040 000 1,3410 Nrate as at			
Liabilities and provisions for liabilities Provisions for liabilities Long-term liabilities Short-term liabilities Equity - attributable to non-controlling shareholders Number of shares (pcs)	112 485 8 716 40 682 63 088 245 636 12 119 40 040 000 6,1348 average PLNra 01/0: -31/1: 4,3 average PLNra 01/01	139 367 6 374 36 563 96430 228 817 10 880 40 040 000 5,7147 the in the period 1/2016 2/2016	25 426 1 970 9 196 14 260 55 524 2 739 40 040 000 1,3867 average PL 31/12 4,4 average Pl	32 704 1 496 8 580 22 628 53 694 2 553 40 040 000 1,3410 Nrate as at			

Unless indicated otherwise, all amounts were given in thousands of $\ensuremath{\mathsf{PLN}}$

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF TOTAL INCOME FOR THE PERIOD ENDED ON 31/12/2016

		01/01/2016 -31/12/2016	01/01/2015 -31/12/2015
	Note	(audited)	(audited)
		PLN '000	PLN'000
Continuing operations			
Sales revenues	12.1	204 631	211 021
Cost of sales	12.2	(141 178)	(153 376)
Gross profit (loss) on sales		63 453	57 645
Selling costs	12.2	(5 473)	(5 385)
Administrative expenses	12.2	(20 492)	(19 281)
Other operating revenues	12.3	1 205	1 486
Other operating costs	12.4	(561)	(771)
Profit (loss) on operating activities		38 131	33 694
Financial revenues	12.5	370	425
Financial costs	12.6	(1 697)	(1 749)
Gross profit (loss)		36 805	32 370
Income tax	13	(7 466)	(6 571)
Net profit (loss) from continuing operation	ons	29 339	25 799
TOTAL INCOME		29 339	25 799
Net profit (loss) attributable to:		29 339	25 799
- the parent entity's shareholders		27 709	24 903
- non-controlling shareholders		1 630	896
Total income attributable to:		29 339	25 799
- the parent entity's shareholders		27 709	24 903
- non-controlling shareholders		1 630	896
Earnings (loss) per share in the parent e	ntity (PLN)	31/12/2016	31/12/2015
- basic		0,6920	0,6219
- diluted		0,6920	0,6219

Unless indicated otherwise, all amounts were given in thousands of PLN

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF THE FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31/12/2016

		31/12/2016	31/12/2015
ASSETS	Note	(audited)	(audited)
Fixed (long-term) assets		115 383	106 213
Property, plant and equipment	17	103 873	95 551
Goodwill	19,20	6 708	6 708
Other intangibles	19	111	145
Long-term receivables		20	9
Investment properties	18	2 852	1 730
Long-term financial assets	23	201	
Other long-term prepayments		7	82
Deferred tax assets	13	1 610	1 988
Current (short-term) assets		242 738	261 971
Inventory	21	210 109	213 440
Trade and other receivables	22	10 697	13 213
Current tax assets		447	269
Other financial assets	23	3 975	7 821
Cash and cash equivalents	24	17 509	27 228
TOTAL ASSETS		358 121	368 184

Unless indicated otherwise, all amounts were given in thousands of $\ensuremath{\mathsf{PLN}}$

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF THE FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31/12/2016 (CONTINUED)

	31/12/2016	31/12/2015	
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	Note (audited)) (audited)	
Equity (attributable to the parent entity's shareholders)	233 516	217 937	
Issued share capital	4 004	4 004	
Reserves	51	51	
Retained profit	229 462	213 882	
Capital attributable to non-controlling shareholders	12 119	10 880	
Total equity	245 636	228 817	
Long-term liabilities	46 167	40 547	
Retirement benefit liabilities (a provision)	5 189	3 694	
Deferred income tax provision	296	290	
Long-term credits and bank borrowings	35 257	33 363	
Other financial liabilities (lease)	3 774	944	
Trade and other liabilities	1 650	2 256	
Short-term liabilities	66 318	98 820	
Short-term provisions	3 230	2 390	
Short-term credits and bank borrowings	9 398	19 095	
Debt instrument liabilities	-	-	
Other liabilities (financial lease)	1 058	395	
Current income tax liabilities	154	779	
Trade and other liabilities	52 477	76 161	
Total liabilities	112 485	139 367	
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	358 121	368 184	

Unless indicated otherwise, all amounts were given in thousands of PLN

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF THE CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE PERIOD ENDED ON 31/12/2016

	Share capital	Share premium capital	Revaluation reserve	Retained profit	Attributable to non-controlling shareholders	Total
As at 01/01/2015	4 004	62 237	51	151 645	10 880	228 817
Dividend payment to the parent entity's shareholders	-	-	-	(12 012)	-	(12 012)
Dividend payment - non-controlling shareholders	-		-	(71)	(437)	(508)
Net profit (loss) for the financial year	-	-	-	27 709	1 630	29 339
Increase of the share capital in inBet Sp. z o.o.	-	-	-	(46)	46	-
As at 31/12/2015	4 004	62 237	51	167 225	12 119	245 636

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF THE CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE PERIOD ENDED ON 31/12/2015

	Share capital	Share premium capital	Revaluation reserve	Retained profit	Attributable to non-controlling shareholders	Total
As at 01/01/2015	4 004	62 237	51	130 192	10 543	207 027
Dividend payment to the parent entity's shareholders	-	-	-	(3 603)	-	(3 603)
Dividend payment - non-controlling shareholders	-		-	(31)	(345)	(376)
Net profit (loss) for the financial year	-	-	-	24 903	896	25 799
Increase of the share in a subsidiary, PB Domesta	-	-	-	568	(1 023)	(455)
Increase of the share capital in inBet Sp. z o.o.	-	-	-	(384)	486	102
Acquisition of shares in PI ISA Sp. z o.o.	-	-	-	-	323	323
As at 31/12/2015	4 004	62 237	51	151 645	10 880	228 817

Unless indicated otherwise, all amounts were given in thousands of PLN

CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE PERIOD ENDED ON 31/12/2016

	01/01/2016 -31/12/2016	01/01/2015 -31/12/2015
Cash flows from operating activities		
	(audited)	(audited)
	PLN '000	PLN '000
Gross profit/(loss)	36 805	32 370
Adjustments:	(15 221)	8 216
Depreciation	3 785	6 047
Income tax paid	(6 397)	(4 555)
Exchange gains (losses)	1	(7)
Interest and dividends	1 577	2 137
Profit/(loss) on investing activities	150	(103)
(Increase)/ decrease of receivables	2 510	(6 276)
(Increase)/ decrease of inventory	2 161	(2 237)
Increase/ (decrease) of liabilities	(19 902)	12 564
Increase/ (decrease) of accrued/prepaid expenses	49	117
Change in provisions	846	(222)
Other	-	751
Net cash flows from operating activities	21 583	40 586
	01/01/2016 -31/12/2016	01/01/2015 -31/12/2015
Cash flows from investing activities	(audited)	(audited)
	PLN '000	PLN '000
Sale of property, plant, equipment and intangibles	142	153
Sale of financial assets	14	52
Interest received	(8 276)	(3 277)
Acquisition of property, plant, equipment and intangibles	(201)	(1 670)
Net cash flows from investing activities	(8 321)	(4 742)

Unless indicated otherwise, all amounts were given in thousands of $\ensuremath{\mathsf{PLN}}$

CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE PERIOD ENDED ON 31/12/2016 (CONTINUED)

	01/01/2016 -31/12/2016	01/01/2015 -31/12/2015
Cash flow from financing activities	(audited)	(audited)
	PLN '000	PLN '000
Net proceeds from the issue of shares or stock	-	102
Proceeds in relation to loans/credits obtained	58 456	30 530
Payments in relation to finance lease agreements	(1 706)	(898)
Repayment of loans/credits	(66 312)	(50 110)
Interest paid	(839)	(2 538)
Dividends paid to:	(12 520)	(4 429)
- the parent entity's shareholders - non-controlling shareholders	(12 012) (508)	(3 603) (826)
Issue of debt securities (bonds)	-	(20 000)
Other financial expenditure	(60)	-
Other financial proceeds	-	12
Net cash flows from financing activities	(22 981)	(47 331)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	(9 718)	(11 487)
Cash at the beginning of the period	27 228	38 715
Cash at the end of the period	17 509	27 228

Unless indicated otherwise, all amounts were given in thousands of PLN

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION AND EXPLANATIONS

1. General information

The INPRO SA Capital Group (the "Group") consists of the parent entity, i.e. INPRO SA, and its subsidiaries (see Note 2). The consolidated financial statements of the Group cover the year ended on 31 December 2016 and comprise comparatives for the year ended on 31 December 2015.

The basic object of the Capital Group is the property development activity that is the construction and sale of residential and commercial premises (Inpro SA, Domesta Sp. z o.o.).

In addition, other companies within the Group are involved in the following:

- manufacture of precast concrete elements, manufacture and erection of steel structures for the civil engineering, industrial and municipal construction industry (inBet Sp. z o.o.- previous name Rugby Prefabrykaty Sp. z o.o.),
- hotel services (Dom Zdrojowy Sp. z o. o. and Hotel Mikołajki Sp. z o.o.),
- sanitary and heating installations (Przedsiębiorstwo Instalacyjne ISA Sp. z o.o. a company included in the INPRO SA Capital Group as from 1 July 2015),
- interior fit-out and construction finishing services (SML Sp. z o.o. a subsidiary of INPRO SA entered into the National Court Register on 14 July 2016, not covered by consolidation as at 31 December 2016).

INPRO SA (the "Parent Company," "Company") was established by way of the notarised deed of 6 April 1987 as INPRO Spółka z ograniczoną odpowiedzialnością. On 29 May 2008 the legal status was changed from a limited liability company to a joint-stock company. The registered office of the Parent Company is in Gdańsk at ul. Opata Jacka Rybińskiego 8.

The Parent Company is recorded in the register of entrepreneurs of the National Court Register kept by the District Court in Gdańsk, 7th Business Division of the National Court Register, under number KRS 306071.

The Parent Company was given the REGON business registry number 008141071 and the tax identification number: 589-000-85-40.

The duration of the Parent Company and entities in the Capital Group is unspecified.

The Group did not discontinue any of the kinds of its activity in the reporting period ended on 31 December 2016.

The share capital of INPRO SA did not change in the reporting period ended on 31 December 2016. As at 31 December 2016, the share capital of INPRO was PLN 4,004,000.00 and was divided into 40,040,000 ordinary bearer shares of the nominal value of 10 groszes each.

As at the balance sheet date and 31/12/2016, the shareholding structure of the parent entity is as follows:

SHAREHOLDING STRUCTURE AS AT 31/12/2016								
Entity (full name)	Series	Number of shares	Nominal value in PLN	Share in the share capital	Number of votes	Share in the number of votes		
Piotr Stefaniak	Α	8 460 000	846 000	21.13%	8 460 000	21.13%		
Zbigniew Lewiński	Α	9 460 000	946 000	23.63%	9 460 000	23.63%		
Krzysztof Maraszek	Α	10 010 000	1 001 000	25.00%	10 010 000	25.00%		
ING OFE	Α	2 100 000	210 000	17.93%	7 177 704	17.93%		
ING OFE	В	5 077 704	507 770	17.93%	7 177 704	17.93%		
Shareholders with less than 5% of votes	В	4 932 296	493 230	12.31%	4 932 296	12.31%		
TOTAL		40 040 000	4 004 000	100%	40 040 000	100%		

Unless indicated otherwise, all amounts were given in thousands of PLN

As at the balance sheet date and 31/12/2015, the shareholding structure of the parent entity is as follows:

SHAREHOLDING STRUCTURE AS AT 31/12/2015									
Entity (full name)	Series	Number of shares	Nominal value in PLN	Share in the share capital	Number of votes	Share in the number of votes			
Piotr Stefaniak	Α	8 460 000	846 000	21.13%	8 460 000	21.13%			
Zbigniew Lewiński	Α	9 460 000	946 000	23.63%	9 460 000	23.63%			
Krzysztof Maraszek	Α	10 010 000	1 001 000	25.00%	10 010 000	25.00%			
ING OFE	Α	2 100 000	210 000	17.020/	7 177 704	17.020/			
ING OFE	В	5 077 704	507 770	17.93%	/ 1// /04	17.93%			
Shareholders with less than 5% of votes	В	4 932 296	493 230	12.31%	4 932 296	12.31%			
TOTAL	40 040 000	4 004 000	100%	40 040 000	100%				

To the Company's best knowledge, no significant changes in the shareholding structure occurred as at 31 December 2016 against the status as at 31 December 2015.

In the period from 31 December 2016 until the submission of this report, the shareholders did not advise of any change in the shareholdings in INPRO SA.

The members of the supervising body of INPRO SA do not hold the Company's shares.

2. Information concerning related entities

2.1 Capital Group composition and its changes

As at 31/12/2016, the Group consists of INPRO SA and the following subsidiaries:

No.	Entity's name	Registered office	Object	Share in the share capital (%)	Share in voting rights (%)	Acquisition price of the shares
1.	inBet Sp. z o.o.	Kolbudy, ul. Przemysłowa 10	Manufacture of reinforced concrete, concrete and steel elements	74,85%	74,85%	7 907
2.	Dom Zdrojowy Sp. z o.o.	Jastarnia, ul. Tadeusza Kościuszki 2A	Hotel services	100.00%	100.00%	19 120
3.	P.B. Domesta Sp. z o.o.	Gdańsk, ul. Cementowa 5-9	Property development activity, main contracting for multi-family residential buildings	59.57%	59.57%	13 926
4.	Hotel Mikołajki Sp. z o.o.	Mikołajki, Aleja Spacerowa 11	Hotel services	100.00%	100.00%	15 784*
5.	PI ISA Sp. z o.o.	Gdańsk, ul. Opata Jacka Rybińskiego 8/6	Sanitary and heating installations	76.92%	76.92%	2 183

Unless indicated otherwise, all amounts were given in thousands of PLN

SML Sp. z Gdańsk,ul. Opata o.o. Jacka Rybińskiego 8 Interior fit-out, construction finishing 100.00% 100.00% 201 services

59 121

As at 31/12/2015, the Group consists of INPRO SA and the following subsidiaries:

No.	Entity's name	Registered office	Object	Share in the share capital (%)	Share in voting rights (%)	Acquisition price of the shares
1.	inBet Sp. z o.o.	Kolbudy, ul. Przemysłowa 10	Manufacture of reinforced concrete, concrete and steel elements	72.00%	72.00%	6 812
2.	Dom Zdrojowy Sp. z o.o.	Jastarnia, ul. Tadeusza Kościuszki 2A	Hotel services	100.00%	100.00%	19 120
3.	P.B. Domesta Sp. z o.o.	Gdańsk, ul. Cementowa 5-9	Property development activity, main contracting for multi- family residential buildings	59.57%	59.57%	13 926
4.	Hotel Mikołajki Sp. z o.o.	Mikołajki, Aleja Spacerowa 11	Hotel services	100.00%	100.00%	15 784
5.	PI ISA Sp. z o.o.	Gdańsk, ul. Opata Jacka Rybińskiego 8/6	Sanitary and heating installations	76.92%	76.92%	2 183
						57 825

In addition to the above, INPRO SA is related to Hotel Oliwski Sp. z o.o., a company personally related through Mr Piotr Stefaniak – 162 shares of the nominal value of PLN 10k each (100% of the shares in that entity's capital-PLN 1,620k).

As at 31 December 2016, the share in the total number of votes held by the Group in subsidiaries equals the Group's share in the capital of those entities.

As at 31 December 2016, SML Sp. z o.o. was excluded from consolidation. The company was established on 1 July 2016 (the registration in the National Court Register took place on 14/07/2016). The financial data of that entity for the period ended 31 December 2016 was insignificant in relation to the whole of the consolidated financial statements.

As at the balance sheet date and 31/12/2015, all the companies within the Capital Group were comprised by the full method consolidation.

The subsidiaries do not hold shares in entities not controlled.

Changes in the Group's composition in 2016:

In 2016 the composition of the INPRO SA Corporate Group was extended to include SML Sp. z o.o.

On 01/07/2016, on the basis of a notarised deed, Register A No. 5802/2016, the Company subscribed for 4,000 shares of the nominal value of PLN 50.00 each, of the total value of PLN 200,000.00, in the newly created

Unless indicated otherwise, all amounts were given in thousands of PLN

company, SML Sp. z o.o. INPRO S.A. covered the whole of the shares by cash. INPRO S.A is the sole shareholder in the above company and is entitled to all the shares in the share capital.

The object of the new company in the INPRO S.A. Group will be the "turn-key" finish of flats at selected property development projects. The Gdańsk-North District Court in Gdańsk issued a ruling on the company registration in the National Court Register on 14/07/2016 under number KRS 0000628286.

Moreover, the following events took place:

a) On 06/04/2016 the Extraordinary General Meeting of inBet Sp. z o.o. adopted a resolution on the increase of the share capital from PLN 9,695,672 to PLN 10,790,864, that is by the sum of PLN 1,095,192, by way of creation of 19,557 new shares of the nominal value of PLN 56 each, which were subscribed for by INPRO SA by cash. After the registration of the capital increase (11/05/2016), the number of shares held by INPRO SA in inBet Sp. z o.o is 144,224, which constitutes 74.85% of the share capital. The increase of the capital was registered by the National Court Register on 11/05/2016.

Changes in the Group's composition in 2015:

In 2015 the composition of the INPRO SA Capital Group was extended to include Przedsiębiorstwo Instalacyjne ISA Sp. z o.o.

This is because on 01/07/2015 INPRO SA entered into three purchase agreements for the total of 270 shares in Przedsiębiorstwo Instalacyjne ISA Sp. z o.o. with its registered office in Gdańsk. On the basis of the signed agreements INPRO SA purchased 90 shares at the nominal value of PLN 200 each from each of the members of the Management Board of INPRO S.A., that is from Mr Piotr Stefaniak, Mr Krzysztof Maraszek and Mr Zbigniew Lewiński. After the purchase of the shares, INPRO S.A. holds in PI ISA Sp. z o.o. the total of 270 shares of the nominal value of PLN 54,000, such shares granting jointly 76.92 % of the capital of that entity (PLN 80,000). The purchase agreement was registered in the National Court Register on 07/09/2015.

Moreover, the following events took place:

- b) On 06/11/2014 the Extraordinary General Meeting of inBet Sp. z o.o. (the company still acting under the business name of RUGBY Prefabrykaty Sp. z o.o.) adopted resolution No. 2/2014 under which that company's share capital was increased from PLN 5,331,200 to PLN 6,331,192, i.e. by the sum of PLN 999,992, by way of creation of 17,857 new shares of the nominal value of PLN 56 each, with the exclusion of the right of priority of a shareholder, A. Meronk, to subscribe for the newly created shares. INPRO S.A. subscribed for all the newly created shares in the increased share capital of inBet Sp. z o.o. and covered those shares by cash. Following the registration of the capital increase, the number of the shares held by the INPRO SA in inBet Sp. z o.o. is 66,409 shares (58.74% of the share capital). The increase of the capital was registered by the National Court Register on 16/02/2015.
- c) On 14/05/2015 the Extraordinary General Meeting of inBet Sp. z o.o. adopted resolution under which that company's share capital was increased from PLN 6,331,192 to PLN 9,331,168 i.e. by the sum of PLN 2,999,976, by way of creation of 53,571 new shares of the nominal value of PLN 56 each, with the exclusion of the right of priority of a shareholder, A. Meronk, to subscribe for the newly created shares INPRO S.A. subscribed for all the newly created shares in the increased share capital of inBet Sp. z o.o. and covered those shares by cash. Following the registration of the capital increase, the number of the shares held by the INPRO SA in inBet Sp. z o.o. is 119,980 shares (72 % of the share capital). The increase of the capital was registered by the National Court Register on 17/06/2015.
 d) On 21/05/2015 the Extraordinary General Meeting of Dom Zdrojowy Sp. z o.o. adopted resolution No.
- d) On 21/05/2015 the Extraordinary General Meeting of Dom Zdrojowy Sp. z o.o. adopted resolution No. 1/2015 on the change of the company's registered office to the following address: 84-140 Jastarnia, ul. Tadeusza Kościuszki 2A. The change of the registered office was registered by the National Court Register on 22/06/2015.
- e) On 21/05/2015 the Extraordinary General Meeting of Hotel Mikołajki Sp. z o.o. adopted resolution No. 1/2015 on the change of the company's registered office to the following address: 11-730 Mikołajki, Al. Spacerowa 11. The change of the registered office was registered by the National Court Register on 16/07/2015.
- f) On 27/05/2015 the sale agreement was concluded under which INPRO S.A. bought from Mr Cyprian Maj 20 shares of the nominal value of PLN 800 each in Przedsiębiorstwo Budowlane DOMESTA Sp. z o.o. As a result of the transaction, INPRO SA holds in PB DOMESTA Sp. z o.o. 224 shares of the total value of PLN 179,200, that amount constituting 59.57 % of the share capital. The change of the structure of shares was registered by the National Court Register on 27/08/2015.
- g) On 09/07/2015 the Extraordinary General Meeting of Hotel Mikołajki Sp. z o.o., on the basis of resolution No. 5/2015, imposed the obligation on the sole shareholder (that is INPRO SA) to contribute a returnable additional payment to capital in the amount of PLN 2,227.48 per share held, that is the total sum of PLN 35,149,634.40. The additional payments contributed on 09/07/2015 were designated for the repayment of outstanding liabilities in relation to unpaid invoices for the main contracting of the construction of the hotel in Mikołajki and for the repayment of subordinate loans granted by INPRO SA.
- h) On 17/09/2015 the Extraordinary General Meeting of inBet Sp. z o.o adopted a resolution under which that company's share capital was increased from PLN 9,331,168 to PLN 9,695,672, i.e. by the amount of PLN 364,504, by way of creation of 6,509 new shares of the nominal value of PLN 56 each. New shares were subscribed for in the following way: INPRO SA subscribed for 4,687 shares of the total value of PLN

Unless indicated otherwise, all amounts were given in thousands of PLN

262,472, and Mr Andrzej Meronk subscribed for 1,822 shares of the total value of PLN 102,032. The capital was covered by cash and subscribed for by INPRO SA and Mr Andrzej Meronk as appropriate with regard to the shares subscribed for. After the registration of the capital increase, the number of shares held by INPRO SA in the company is 124,667 shares, which continue to constitute 72 % of the share capital. The resolution was registered in the National Court Register on 04/11/2015.

2.2 Share capital of the various entities comprised by the INPRO group as at 31/12/2016:

Entity's name	Share capital as at 31/12/2016
INPRO SA	4 004
DOMESTA Sp. z o.o.	301
inBet Sp. z o.o. (previous name- RUGBY Prefabrykaty Sp. z o.o.)	10 791
Dom Zdrojowy Sp. z o.o.	19 140
Hotel Mikołajki Sp. z o.o.	15 780
PI ISA Sp. z o.o.	80
SML Sp. z o.o.	200

2.3 Securities on shares in subsidiaries

	01/01/2016 -31/12/2016	01/01/2015 -31/12/2015
Securities on shares in subsidiaries	15 780	15 780
Total	15 780	15 780

- **I** Registered pledge of 05 September 2011 on the shares in Hotel Mikołajki Sp. z o.o. in the amount of PLN 15,582 k for the following credit agreements:
- investment credit of 5 September 2011 in the amount of PLN 36,214 k granted to Hotel Mikołajki Sp. z o.o. by PKO BP SA; the highest security amount fixed in the pledge agreement being PLN 137,617 k; Claim satisfaction conditions: in the event of a failure to repay the whole or part of the secured claim, the following may take place:
- 1. The satisfaction of the Pledgee's claims, as its discretion, in the procedure prescribed by the provisions of law on enforcement proceedings, by taking over the ownership of the object of the pledge (at the price of the market value of the shares as determined in the valuation) or through the sale in a public tender held by a bailiff or notary public
- 2. Waiver by the Pledgee of the possibility of exercise of the so-called corporate rights (including the exercise of the voting right) in relation to Hotel Mikołajki Sp. z o.o.
- **II** Registered pledge of 23 May 2013 on the shares in Hotel Mikołajki Sp. z o.o. in the amount of PLN 198 k for the following credit agreements:
- investment credit of 5 September 2011 in the amount of PLN 36,214 k granted to Hotel Mikołajki Sp. z o.o. by PKO BP SA; the highest security amount fixed in the pledge agreement being PLN 72,428 k; Claim satisfaction conditions: in the event of a failure to repay the whole or part of the secured claim, the following may take place:

Unless indicated otherwise, all amounts were given in thousands of PLN

- 1. The satisfaction of the Pledgee's claims, as its discretion, in the procedure prescribed by the provisions of law on enforcement proceedings, by taking over the ownership of the object of the pledge (at the price of the market value of the shares as determined in the valuation) or through the sale in a public tender held by a bailiff or notary public
- 2. Waiver by the Pledgee of the possibility of exercise of the so-called corporate rights (including the exercise of the voting right) in relation to Hotel Mikołajki Sp. z o.o.

2.4 Details concerning subsidiaries with non-controlling shares

Entity	Share in the share capital assigned to non-controlling shareholders		Net profit (loss) attributable to non-controlling shareholders	Cumulated non-control	
	31/12/2016	31/12/2015	2016	31/12/2016	31/12/2015
inBet Sp. z o.o.	25,15%	28,00%	202	2 512	2 264
PB Domesta Sp. z o.o.	40,43%	40,43%	1 519	9 382	8 300
PI ISA Sp. z o.o.	23,08%	23,08%	(91)	226	316
		Total	1 630	12 119	10 880

Unless indicated otherwise, all amounts were given in thousands of PLN

Selected financial information concerning subsidiaries holding non-controlling shares:

Item in the financial	inBet 9	Sp. z o.o.	PB Domest	a Sp. z o.o.	PI ISA Sp. z o.o.		
statement	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015	
Current (short-term) assets	4 277	4 664	31 537	23 106	1 335	2 508	
Fixed (long-term) assets	11 520	5 655	1 148	300	138	240	
Short-term liabilities	2 902	1 369	8 316	2 755	512	1 203	
Long-term liabilities	3 202	780	994	122	2	-	
Sales revenues	11 553	9 656	22 854	17 368	6 665	4 352	
Other revenues	57	63	72	79	6	9	
Net profit (loss)	302	746	3 755	2 020	(286)	147	
Net profit (loss) attributable to the parent entity's shareholders	100	656	2 238	1 208	(195)	153	
Net profit (loss) attributable to non- controlling shareholders	202	90	1 519	812	(91)	(6)	
Dividend paid to non- controlling shareholders	-	-	(368)	(345)	(69)	-	

3. Composition of the Parent Company's Management Board and Supervisory Board

As at the date of preparation of these consolidated financial statements, the composition of the Management Board of the Parent Entity was as follows:

Piotr Stefaniak
 Zbigniew Lewiński
 Krzysztof Maraszek
 President of the Management Board
 Vice-President of the Management Board

No changes in the composition of the body occurred in the period in question.

For the shareholdings of the members of the Management Board, see the shareholding structure in note 1.

As at the date of preparation of these consolidated financial statements, the composition of the Supervisory Board of the Parent Entity was as follows:

- Jerzy Glanc - Chairman of the Supervisory Board

- Krzysztof Gąsak - Deputy Chairman of the Supervisory Board

Szymon Lewiński
 Łukasz Maraszek
 Wojciech Stefaniak
 Member of the Supervisory Board
 Member of the Supervisory Board

No changes in the composition of the body occurred in the period in question.

On 18 December 2015 the Management Board of INPRO SA received a statement from a member of the Supervisory Board, Mr Robert Maraszek, on resignation from his function as a member of the Supervisory Board effective on 31 December 2015. The resignation did not contain any reasons.

Unless indicated otherwise, all amounts were given in thousands of PLN

In relation to the above, on 18/12/2015 the Supervisory Board, while taking advantage of its power under clause 10 item 2 of the Company's Statutes, adopted resolution No. 35/2015 on the basis of which the Supervisory Board elected Mr Łukasz Maraszek a new member of the Supervisory Board.

Mr Łukasz Maraszek was appointed member of the Supervisory Board for the period from 01/01/2016 to the election of a new member of the Supervisory Board by the nearest General Assembly. On 17 May 2016 the Ordinary General Assembly decided again to appoint Mr Łukasz Maraszek (effective from 17 May 2016) member of the Company's Supervisory Board for the joint term of office.

4. Approval of the financial statements

These consolidated financial statements were approved by the Management Board for publication on 21 March 2017.

5. Grounds for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements

The consolidated financial statements were prepared in conformity with the historical cost principle.

The consolidated financial statements were prepared on the assumption that the Group companies will be able to continue as a going concern in the foreseeable future. As at the date of approval of these financial statements, no circumstances are found to exist which indicate a threat to the Group companies to continue as a going concern.

These consolidated financial statements were prepared in Polish zlotys (PLN). The Polish PLN is the functional and reporting currency of the Capital Group. Unless indicated otherwise, the data in the consolidated financial statements have been presented in thousands of PLN.

6. The platform of the applied International Financial Reporting Standards

6.1 Statement on compliance

Polish legal provisions impose the obligation on the Group to draw up consolidated financial statements in conformity with the IFRS endorsed by the EU. In view of the ongoing IFRS implementation process in the EU and the Group's operations, as regards the accounting principles used by the Group, there is no difference between the IFRS to have come into force and those approved by the EU for the reporting period ended on 31 December 2016.

These consolidated financial statements were made in conformity with the International Financial Reporting Standards approved by the EU. The IFRS cover the standards and interpretations approved by the International Accounting Standards Committee ("IASC") and the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee ("IFRIC").

The Group's subsidiaries keep their books of accounts in conformity with the accounting policy (principles) specified by the Accounting Act of 29 September 1994 (the "Act") and the regulations issued on its basis (the "Polish accounting standards"). The consolidated financial statements contain adjustments not included in the accounting books of the Group' entities in order to bring the financial statements of those entities to compliance with the IFRS.

6.2 Standards used for the first time

These consolidated financial statements are prepared based on the same accounting policies as for the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2015, except for:

Unless indicated otherwise, all amounts were given in thousands of PLN

applying the following new or amended standards and interpretations issued by the International Accounting Standards Committee or the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee have been in force since 1 January 2016:

- Amendments to IFRS 10 "Consolidated Financial Statements", IFRS 12 "Disclosure of Interests
 in Other Entities" and IAS 28 "Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures" Investment
 Entities: Applying the Consolidation Exception adopted by the EU on 22 September 2016 (effective for
 annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016),
- Amendments to IFRS 11 "Joint Arrangements" Accounting for Acquisitions of Interests in Joint Operations adopted by the EU on 24 November 2015 (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016),
- Amendments to IAS 1 "Presentation of Financial Statements" Disclosure Initiative adopted by the EU on 18 December 2015 (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016),
- Amendments to IAS 16 "Property, Plant and Equipment" and IAS 38 "Intangible Assets" Clarification of Acceptable Methods of Depreciation and Amortisation adopted by the EU on 2 December
 2015 (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016),
- Amendments to IAS 16 "Property, Plant and Equipment" and IAS 41 "Agriculture" Bearer Plants - adopted by the EU on 23 November 2015 (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016),
- Amendments to IAS 19 "Employee Benefits" Defined Benefit Plans: Employee Contributions adopted by the EU on 17 December 2014 (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 February 2015),
- Amendments to IAS 27 "Separate Financial Statements" Equity Method in Separate Financial Statements adopted by the EU on 18 December 2015 (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016),
- Amendments to various standards "Improvements to IFRSs (cycle 2010-2012)" resulting from the annual improvement project of IFRS (IFRS 2, IFRS 3, IFRS 8, IFRS 13, IAS 16, IAS 24 and IAS 38) primarily with a view to removing inconsistencies and clarifying wording adopted by the EU on 17 December 2014 (amendments are to be applied for annual periods beginning on or after 1 February 2015),
- Amendments to various standards "Improvements to IFRSs (cycle 2012-2014)" resulting from the annual improvement project of IFRS (IFRS 5, IFRS 7, IAS 19 and IAS 34) primarily with a view to removing inconsistencies and clarifying wording adopted by the EU on 15 December 2015 (amendments are to be applied for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016).

The above amendments do not have significant influence on the Group's financial standing and profits from business operations as well as on the scope of information presented in these financial statements.

6.3 Standards and interpretations published but not adopted

While approving these consolidated financial statements, the Group did not apply the following standards, amendments to and interpretations of the standards, which were published by the IASC and approved for use in the EU, but have not become effective yet:

- IFRS 9 "Financial Instruments" adopted by the EU on 22 November 2016 (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018),
- IFRS 15 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" and amendments to IFRS 15 "Effective date of IFRS 15" adopted by the EU on 22 September 2016 (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018).

IFRSs as approved by the EU do not vary considerably from the regulations adopted by the International Accounting Standards Committee (IASC) except the standards below, changes thereto and the interpretation thereof which, as at 21/03/2017, were not adopted for use in the EU (the effective dates below refer to the standards in their full version):

Unless indicated otherwise, all amounts were given in thousands of PLN

- IFRS 14 "Regulatory Deferral Accounts" (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016) the European Commission has decided not to launch the endorsement process of this interim standard and to wait for the final standard,
- IFRS 16 "Leases" (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019),
- Amendments to IFRS 2 "Share-based Payment" Classification and Measurement of Share-based Payment Transactions (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018),
- Amendments to IFRS 4 "Insurance Contracts" Applying IFRS 9 Financial Instruments with IFRS 4
 Insurance Contracts (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018 or when IFRS 9
 "Financial Instruments" is applied first time),
- Amendments to IFRS 10 "Consolidated Financial Statements" and IAS 28 "Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures" - Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture and further amendments (effective date deferred indefinitely until the research project on the equity method has been concluded),
- Amendments to IFRS 15 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" Clarifications to IFRS 15
 Revenue from Contracts with Customers (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January
 2018),
- Amendments to IAS 7 "Statement of Cash Flows" Disclosure Initiative (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2017),
- Amendments to IAS 12 "Income Taxes" Recognition of Deferred Tax Assets for Unrealised Losses (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2017),
- Amendments to IAS 40 "Investment Property" Transfers of Investment Property (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018),
- Amendments to various standards "Improvements to IFRSs (cycle 2014-2016)" resulting from the annual improvement project of IFRS (IFRS 1, IFRS 12 and IAS 28) primarily with a view to removing inconsistencies and clarifying wording (amendments to IFRS 12 are to be applied for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2017 and amendments to IFRS 1 and IAS 28 are to be applied for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018),
- IFRIC 22 "Foreign Currency Transactions and Advance Consideration" (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018).

In the Group's initial opinion, the implementation of the standards and interpretations approved and published by the EU which have or will become effective after the balance sheet date or those awaiting approval by the EU will not have a material effect on the Company's financial statements.

However, the Management Board additionally conducts a detailed analysis of the influence of the above amendments on the Company's financial standing and profits from business operations as well as on the scope of information presented in financial statements.

7. Early adoption of standards and interpretations

The Group did not take advantage of the opportunity of early adoption of any standards, amendments thereto, or interpretations.

8. Amendments to accounting principles in use

The Group did not make significant changes in the accounting principles in use in the reporting period except changes described in point 6.2.

9. Material values based on professional judgement and estimates

9.1 Professional judgement

Unless indicated otherwise, all amounts were given in thousands of PLN

In the event that a transaction is not regulated in any standard or interpretation, the Management Board, while being guided by a subjective judgement, specifies and applies accounting policies, which will ensure that the financial statements contain appropriate and credible information and will:

- present a true, clear and fair view of the economic and financial position of the Group, the results of its activity and cash flows,
- reflect the commercial substance of transactions,
- be objective,
- be prepared in conformity with the conservative valuation principle,
- be complete in all essential aspects.

Recognition of sales revenues

Revenues from the sale of real estate (mainly residential units) are recognised upon the transfer to the buyer of the real estate of the control of the real estate being acquired and of the significant risks and benefits typical of the ownership title. In the opinion of the parent company's managers, this takes place upon the delivery of the real estate to the buyer on the basis of an acceptance report signed by the parties, on condition that all the payments towards the price of the acquisition of the real estate were made by the buyer.

Discount rate

The discount rate taken influences the figures presented in the consolidated report of the financial situation. This concerns, for example, the value of the provisions for employee benefits. That rate is also used during goodwill testing for permanent impairment. The discount rate taken by the Management Board of the parent entity is based on the interest rate on 10-year treasury bonds.

9.2 Uncertainty of estimates

The preparation of consolidated financial statements requires the Company's Management Board to make estimates because much information in the financial statements cannot be valued precisely. The Management Board reviews the estimates on the basis of the changes of factors taken into consideration when the estimates were made, of new information or of previous experience. It is for that reason that the estimates as at 31 December 2016 may be revised in the future. The main estimates have been described in the following notes:

Note		Kind of disclosure			
21	Impairment of fixed assets and the analysis of the realisable net selling price of inventories	The Group tests fixed assets and inventories for impairment test in case factors indicating possible impairment occur. Impairment tests regarding goodwill acquired by merging business entities are conducted at the end of each financial year. The analysis of the net realisable selling price of inventories in the case of finished products (completed residential premises) is conducted by comparing their book value with current market selling prices of premises for a given stage of a project implemented by the Group.			
22	Trade receivable valuation allowances	Given the grounds, the Group verifies the recovery of various trade receivables and estimates the valuation allowances on that basis.			
13	Income tax	The Group recognises deferred tax assets on the basis of the assumption that a tax profit allowing the use of deferred tax will be achieved in the future. The deterioration of the tax results obtained in the future could make that assumption groundless.			
26	Employee benefits	Provisions for retirement benefits and unused vacation leaves.			
26	Provisions	Provisions for guarantees and sureties given and provisions for claims and court cases			
10.6	Useful life of fixed assets and intangibles	The useful life of assets and their depreciation method is reviewed at least at the end of each financial year.			

Unless indicated otherwise, all amounts were given in thousands of PLN

10. Accounting principles applied

10.1 Consolidation principles

The condensed consolidated financial statements comprise those of *INPRO SA* and its subsidiaries, such statements having been prepared for the year ended on 31 December 2016. The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting period as the financial statements of the parent entity, with the application of consistent accounting principles, on the basis of uniform accounting principles applied to the transactions and economic events of a similar character. Adjustments are introduced to eliminate any differences in the accounting principles applied.

All the significant balances and transactions between the entities within the Group, including unrealised gains arising out of the transactions within the Group have been entirely eliminated. Unrealised losses are eliminated unless they demonstrate impairment.

10.2 Investments in subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are all entities (including structured entities) over which the group has control. The group controls an entity when the group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power to direct the activities of the entity.

The Company reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control listed above.

When the Company has less than a majority of the voting rights of an investee, it has power over the investee when the voting rights are sufficient to give it the practical ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee unilaterally. The Company considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether or not the Company's voting rights in an investee are sufficient to give it power, including:

- the size of the Company's holding of voting rights relative to the size and dispersion of holdings of the other vote holders:
- potential voting rights held by the Company, other vote holders or other parties;
- rights arising from other contractual arrangements; and
- any additional facts and circumstances that indicate that the Company has, or does not have, the current ability to direct the relevant activities at the time that decisions need to be made, including voting patterns at previous shareholders' meetings.

Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Company obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Company loses control of the subsidiary. Specifically, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income from the date the Company gains control until the date when the Company ceases to control the subsidiary.

Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income of subsidiaries is attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

10.3 Business combinations

Acquisitions of businesses are accounted for using the acquisition method. The consideration transferred in a business combination is measured at fair value, which is calculated as the sum of the acquisition-date fair values of the assets transferred by the Group, liabilities incurred by the Group to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Group in exchange for control of the acquiree. Acquisition-related costs are generally recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

At the acquisition date, the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed are recognised at their fair value, except that:

• deferred tax assets or liabilities, and assets or liabilities related to employee benefit arrangements are recognised and measured in accordance with IAS 12 Income Taxes and IAS 19 respectively;

Unless indicated otherwise, all amounts were given in thousands of PLN

- liabilities or equity instruments related to share-based payment arrangements of the acquiree or share-based payment arrangements of the Group entered into to replace share-based payment arrangements of the acquiree are measured in accordance with IFRS 2 at the acquisition date (see note 3.16.2); and
- assets (or disposal groups) that are classified as held for sale in accordance with IFRS 5 Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations are measured in accordance with that Standard.

Goodwill is measured as the excess of the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree, and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree (if any) over the net of the acquisition-date amounts of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed. If, after reassessment, the net of the acquisition-date amounts of the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed exceeds the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held interest in the acquiree (if any), the excess is recognised immediately in profit or loss as a bargain purchase gain.

Non-controlling interests that are present ownership interests and entitle their holders to a proportionate share of the entity's net assets in the event of liquidation may be initially measured either at fair value or at the non-controlling interests' proportionate share of the recognised amounts of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. The choice of measurement basis is made on a transaction-by-transaction basis. Other types of non-controlling interests are measured at fair value or, when applicable, on the basis specified in another IFRS.

When the consideration transferred by the Group in a business combination includes assets or liabilities resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement, the contingent consideration is measured at its acquisition-date fair value and included as part of the consideration transferred in a business combination. Changes in the fair value of the contingent consideration that qualify as measurement period adjustments are adjusted retrospectively, with corresponding adjustments against goodwill. Measurement period adjustments are adjustments that arise from additional information obtained during the 'measurement period' (which cannot exceed one year from the acquisition date) about facts and circumstances that existed at the acquisition date.

The subsequent accounting for changes in the fair value of the contingent consideration that do not qualify as measurement period adjustments depends on how the contingent consideration is classified. Contingent consideration that is classified as equity is not remeasured at subsequent reporting dates and its subsequent settlement is accounted for within equity. Contingent consideration that is classified as an asset or a liability is remeasured at subsequent reporting dates in accordance with IAS 39, or IAS 37 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets, as appropriate, with the corresponding gain or loss being recognised in profit or loss.

When a business combination is achieved in stages, the Group's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is remeasured to its acquisition-date fair value and the resulting gain or loss, if any, is recognised in profit or loss. Amounts arising from interests in the acquiree prior to the acquisition date that have previously been recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss where such treatment would be appropriate if that interest were disposed of.

If the initial accounting for a business combination is incomplete by the end of the reporting period in which the combination occurs, the Group reports provisional amounts for the items for which the accounting is incomplete. Those provisional amounts are adjusted during the measurement period (see above), or additional assets or liabilities are recognised, to reflect new information obtained about facts and circumstances that existed at the acquisition date that, if known, would have affected the amounts recognised at that date.

10.4 Changes in the Group's ownership interests in existing subsidiaries

Changes in the Group's ownership interests in subsidiaries that do not result in the Group losing control over the subsidiaries are accounted for as equity transactions. The carrying amounts of the Group's interests and the non-controlling interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiaries. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity and attributed to owners of the Company.

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, a gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss and is calculated as the difference between (i) the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration received and the fair value of any retained interest and (ii) the previous carrying amount of the assets (including goodwill), and liabilities of the subsidiary and any non-controlling interests. All amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to that subsidiary are accounted for as if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities of the subsidiary (i.e. reclassified to profit or loss or transferred to another category of equity as specified/permitted by applicable IFRSs). The fair value of any investment retained in the former subsidiary at

Unless indicated otherwise, all amounts were given in thousands of PLN

the date when control is lost is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition for subsequent accounting under IAS 39, when applicable, the cost on initial recognition of an investment in an associate or a joint venture.

10.5 Conversion of items denominated in foreign currencies

In preparing the financial statements of each individual group entity, transactions in currencies other than the entity's functional currency (foreign currencies) are recognised at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At the end of each reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

The following rates have been taken for the purposes of the balance sheet valuation:

Rate binding on the last day of the period	31/12/2016	31/12/2015
EURO	4.4240	4.2615
The average rate, calculated as the arithmetic mean of the rates binding on the last day of each month in a period	01/01/2016 -31/12/2016	01/01/2015 -31/12/2015
EURO	4.3757	4.1848

10.6 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are reported at the price of acquisition / cost of manufacture less depreciation and all impairment losses. The initial value of fixed assets comprises their acquisition price increased by all the costs directly related to the purchase and to making an asset suitable for use. The cost also includes the cost of replacement of components of machinery and equipment when such cost is incurred, if the recognition criteria have been met. The costs arising after the date of placing a fixed asset in service, such as maintenance and repair costs, are charged to the income statement when they are incurred.

Upon acquisition, fixed assets are disaggregated into components of a considerable value, to which relevant useful life may be allocated.

Important spare and service parts reported as property, plant and equipment are amortised in conformity with the estimated period of use, but not longer than the useful life of fixed assets which they service.

The balance sheet value of a fixed asset comprises the costs of regular significant inspections, which are necessary to prevent faults, and whose value in various reporting periods varies considerably. The value of an inspection is depreciated until the next inspection or until the end of useful life of a fixed asset, whichever is sooner. Any residual balance sheet value of the costs of the previous inspection is derecognised.

Unless indicated otherwise, all amounts were given in thousands of PLN

Depreciation is computed on a straight-line basis throughout the estimated useful life of an asset, that period being:

Туре	Period
Land	
Buildings and constructions	22 – 67 years
Machinery and equipment	5 – 22 years
Office equipment	5 years
Motor vehicles	5 – 20 years
Computers	3 years
Other fixed assets	4 - 15 years

If during the preparation of financial statements any circumstances have occurred which indicate that the balance sheet value of property, plant and equipment may not be recoverable, an inspection of those assets is performed from the point of view of their impairment. If there are factors indicating that impairment may have occurred, and the balance sheet value exceeds the estimated recoverable amount, then the value of those assets or cash generating units, to which those assets belong, is brought down to the level of the recoverable amount. The recoverable amount corresponds to the lower of the following two values: the fair value less the cost of sales or the value in use. When determining the value in use, the projected future cash flows are discounted to the current value with the use of the gross discount rate reflecting the current market assessments of the time value of money and any risk related to an asset. In the case of an asset which does not generate cash flows in a significantly separate way, the recoverable amount is determined for a cash generating unit, to which that asset belongs. Impairment losses are recognised in the income statement under other operating costs.

An item of property, plant and equipment may be derecognised upon its disposal or when no economic benefits following from the further use of such an asset are expected. Any profits or losses following from the derecognition of an asset (calculated as the difference between any net proceeds from the sale and the balance sheet value of an item) are recognised in the income statement in the period in which such derecognition was effected.

Commenced investments concern fixed assets in the process of construction or erection and are reported at the cost of acquisition or manufacture. Fixed assets under construction are not depreciated until the end of construction and placing them in service.

The residual value, useful life and depreciation method of fixed assets are reviewed and revised if necessary at the end of each financial year.

10.7 Borrowing costs

The borrowing costs directly relating to the acquisition or manufacture of assets requiring an extended period to bring them into use are capitalised as a part of the cost of acquisition or manufacture until those assets are ready for use or sale. Borrowing costs comprise interest and exchange gains or losses up to the amount corresponding to the interest cost adjustment.

Other borrowing costs are recognised as costs when they are incurred.

10.8 Investment property

Investment property is recognised at the acquisition price or the cost of manufacture with the transactions costs taken into consideration. After initial recognition the value of investment property is decreased by depreciation and impairment losses.

Investment property is derecognised on disposal or when permanently withdrawn from use, and no future benefits are expected from its disposal. Any profits or losses following from the derecognition of investment property are recognised in the income statement in the period in which such derecognition was effected.

Assets are transferred to investment property only when a change in their use takes place as confirmed by the end of the use of an asset by its owner or the conclusion of an operating lease agreement.

Unless indicated otherwise, all amounts were given in thousands of PLN

If investment property is transferred to assets used by the owner or to inventory, the deemed cost of such an asset, which will be taken for its recognition in another category, is equal to the fair value of property determined as at the date of the change in use. If an asset used by the owner (the Group) becomes investment property, the Group applies the principles described under *Property*, *plant and equipment* until a change in use of that property. If assets are transferred from inventory to investment property, the difference between its fair value as at the date of transfer and the previous balance sheet value is recognised in profit or loss.

10.9 Lease and the right of perpetual usufruct of land

Finance lease agreements which basically transfer the whole risk and all the benefits following from the possession of an object of the lease to the Group are recognised in the balance sheet as at the date of commencement of lease at the lower of the following: the fair value of a fixed asset being the object of the lease or the current value of minimum lease payments. Lease payments are disaggregated between financial costs and the decrease of the lease liability in a way permitting a fixed interest rate on the liability remaining to be paid. Financial costs are recognised directly as an expense.

Fixed assets used on the basis of finance lease agreements are amortised over the shorter of the following two periods: estimated useful life or the lease period.

Lease agreements in conformity with which the lessor basically retains the whole risk and all the benefits following from the possession of the object of the lease are classified as operating lease agreements. Operating lease payments are recognised in the income statement as costs on a straight-line basis throughout the lease.

If the lease agreement covers both land and buildings, an entity classifies each of those elements separately as a finance or operating lease. In determining whether land should be classified into an operating or finance lease, the fact that land usually has an unrestricted useful life is taken into account.

The right of perpetual usufruct of land received by the Group companies free of charge on the basis of an administrative decision is excluded from assets. If such rights are acquired on the secondary market, they are recognised as intangibles and amortised over their estimated useful life.

10.10 Goodwill

Goodwill arising on an acquisition of a business is carried at cost as established at the date of acquisition of the business less accumulated impairment losses, if any.

For the purposes of impairment testing, goodwill is allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating units (or groups of cash-generating units) that is expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination.

A cash-generating unit to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment annually, or more frequently when there is an indication that the unit may be impaired. If the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit is less than its carrying amount, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the unit and then to the other assets of the unit pro rata based on the carrying amount of each asset in the unit. Any impairment loss for goodwill is recognised directly in profit or loss. An impairment loss recognised for goodwill is not reversed in subsequent periods.

On disposal of the relevant cash-generating unit, the attributable amount of goodwill is included in the determination of the profit or loss on disposal.

10.11 Intangibles

Intangibles acquired separately are valued at the price of acquisition or the cost of manufacture. The price of acquisition of intangibles acquired in the merger of business entities is equal to their fair value as at the merger date. After initial recognition, intangibles are reported at the price of acquisition or cost of manufacture less depreciation and/or impairment losses. Expenses on intangibles manufactured on one's own account, except the recognised costs of development work, are not capitalised but recognised in the costs of the period in which they were incurred.

The Group decides on whether the useful life of intangibles is limited or indefinite. Intangibles of limited useful life are amortised over that life and tested for impairment each time when there are factors indicating impairment of such assets. The period and method of depreciation of intangibles with limited useful life are reviewed at least at the end of each financial year. Changes in the expected useful life or in the pattern in

Unless indicated otherwise, all amounts were given in thousands of PLN

which economic benefits from an asset are expected to be consumed are recognised by changing, as appropriate, the period or method of depreciation, and treated as the changes of estimates. A depreciation charge on intangibles with a limited useful life is recognised in the income statement in the category which corresponds to the function of a given intangible asset.

Intangibles with an indefinite useful life and those which are not used are reviewed every year for impairment with reference to the various assets or at the cash generating unit level. Other intangibles are assessed every year from the point of view of the factors which may signify their impairment.

The costs of research work are written to the income statement when they are incurred. The costs of development work carried out as part of a given project are transferred to the next period if it may be assumed that they will be recovered in the future. After initial recognition of the costs of development work, applied is the historical cost convention, which requires that assets are recognised at the price of acquisition less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Any costs transferred to the next period are amortised over the period when proceeds from the sale of a given project are expected.

Costs of development work are assessed for possible impairment on an annual basis if an asset has not been placed in use yet or, more frequently, when in the reporting period there occurs an impairment factor indicating that their balance sheet value may not be recoverable.

Profits or losses following from the derecognition of intangibles are measured as the difference between net proceeds from the sale and the balance sheet value of an asset and recognised in the income statement when such asset is derecognised.

10.12 Recoverable amount of long-term assets

As at each balance sheet date, the Group evaluates assets for factors indicating their impairment. If such factors exit, the Group performs a formal assessment of the recoverable amount. When the balance sheet value of an asset or cash generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount, the impairment of such an asset is recognised and its value written down to the recoverable amount level. The recoverable amount is the higher of the following two amounts: the fair value less the costs of disposal or the value in use of an asset or cash generating unit.

10.13 Financial instruments

Financial instruments

A financial instrument is any agreement which causes a financial asset to come into being on the one part and a financial liability or equity instrument on the other.

The Group classifies financial instruments in a hierarchical way, in conformity with the three main levels of valuation with reference to the fair value, which reflect the base taken for the valuation of each of the instruments.

The fair value hierarchy is as follows:

Level 1 - the prices of market quotations from active markets for identical assets and liabilities (e.g. shares and bonds quoted);

Level 2 - the prices from active markets, but other than the prices of market quotations – fixed directly (by comparison with actual transactions) or indirectly (through valuation techniques based on actual transactions), e.g. the majority of derivative instruments;

Level 3 - prices not originating from active markets.

The position of a financial instrument in the fair value hierarchy depends on the lowest valuation base affecting the determination of the fair value of such a financial instrument.

The Company classifies financial assets into the following categories:

- financial assets measured at the fair value through profit or loss,
- loans and receivables,
- held-to-maturity financial assets,

Unless indicated otherwise, all amounts were given in thousands of PLN

available-for-sale financial assets.

Financial liabilities are divided into:

- financial liabilities measured at the fair value through profit or loss,
- financial liabilities valued at the amortised cost.

The purpose of the acquisition of financial assets and their nature is the basis for classification. The Company determines the classification of their financial assets at their initial recognition, and then reviewed that classification as at each reporting date.

Financial assets

Financial assets are measured upon their recognition in the books at the fair value. The initial valuation is increased by transaction costs except for financial assets classified into the categories measured at the fair value through profit or loss. The transaction costs of a possible disposal of an asset are not taken into account in the subsequent valuation of financial assets. A financial asset is recognised in the balance sheet when the Group becomes a party to an agreement (contract), from which such a financial asset follows.

The Company measures as at the balance sheet date whether there are factors indicating the impairment of a financial asset (of a group of such assets). In the case of instruments classified as available for sale, in determining whether an impairment has taken place the significant or extended decrease of the fair value of a security below cost is taken into consideration.

Financial assets at FVTPL

Financial assets are classified as at FVTPL when the financial asset is (i) contingent consideration that may be paid by an acquirer as part of a business combination to which IFRS 3 applies, (ii) held for trading, or (iii) it is designated as at FVTPL.

A financial asset is classified as held for trading if:

- it has been acquired principally for the purpose of selling it in the near term; or
- on initial recognition it is part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that the Group manages together and has a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- it is a derivative that is not designated and effective as a hedging instrument.

A financial asset other than a financial asset held for trading or contingent consideration that may be paid by an acquirer as part of a business combination may be designated as at FVTPL upon initial recognition if:

- such designation eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency that would otherwise arise; or
- the financial asset forms part of a group of financial assets or financial liabilities or both, which is managed and its performance is evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with the Group's documented risk management or investment strategy, and information about the grouping is provided internally on that basis; or
- it forms part of a contract containing one or more embedded derivatives, and IAS 39 permits the entire combined contract to be designated as at FVTPL

Financial assets at FVTPL are stated at fair value, with any gains or losses arising on remeasurement recognised in profit or loss. The net gain or loss recognised in profit or loss incorporates any dividend or interest earned on the financial asset and is included in the 'other gains and losses' line item.

Financial assets measured at the fair value through profit or loss are measured with the use of stock exchange quotations and, if there are none, with appropriate valuation techniques which comprise the use of the prices from recent transactions or of tender prices, a comparison with similar instruments, and option valuation models. The fair value of debt instruments is constituted by future cash flows discounted with the current market interest rate appropriate for similar instruments.

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted on an active market. Depending on their maturity date, they are classified as fixed assets (mature more than 1 year from the reporting date) or current assets (mature within up to 1 year from the reporting date). Loans and receivables are valued as at the balance sheet date at the amortised cost. The Company includes in

Unless indicated otherwise, all amounts were given in thousands of PLN

that group mainly trade receivables, bank deposits, other cash as well as loans and acquired unquoted debt instruments not included into other categories of financial assets.

Held-to-maturity financial assets

Held-to-maturity financial assets are investments with fixed or determinable payments and a fixed maturity date, as to which assets the Company intends and is able to hold them to maturity. The Company includes in that category only quoted debt instruments if not previously categorised as financial assets measured at the fair value through profit or loss or as available-for-sale financial assets. Held-to-maturity financial assets are valued as at each reporting date at the amortised cost with the application of the effective interest rate.

Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assets are those non-derivative financial assets that are designated as "available for sale" or are not classified into any other category. The Company includes in available-for-sale assets mainly debt instruments acquired to invest cash surpluses, if those instruments were not categorised as financial assets measured at the fair value through profit or loss in view of the Company's intention to hold them for a short time. Moreover, the Company classifies equity investments not covered by the consolidation obligation into that category.

Available-for-sale financial assets are classified as fixed assets if there is no intention to dispose of investments within 1 year from the balance sheet date or otherwise as current assets. Available-for-sale financial assets are measured at the fair value as at each reporting date, and profits and losses (except impairment losses) are recognised in equity.

Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are measured upon their recognition in the books at the fair value. The initial valuation includes transaction costs except for financial liabilities classified into the categories measured at the fair value through profit or loss. The transaction costs of a possible disposal of a financial liability are not taken into account in the subsequent valuation of those liabilities. A financial liability is recognised in the balance sheet when the Company becomes a party to an agreement (contract), from which such a financial liability follows.

Financial liabilities at FVTPL

Financial liabilities are classified as at FVTPL when the financial liability is (i) contingent consideration that may be paid by an acquirer as part of a business combination to which IFRS 3 applies, (ii) held for trading, or (iii) it is designated as at FVTPL.

A financial liability is classified as held for trading if:

- it has been incurred principally for the purpose of repurchasing it in the near term;
- on initial recognition it is part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that the Group manages together and has a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- it is a derivative that is not designated and effective as a hedging instrument.

A financial liability other than a financial liability held for trading or contingent consideration that may be paid by an acquirer as part of a business combination may be designated as at FVTPL upon initial recognition if:

- such designation eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency that would otherwise arise;
- the financial liability forms part of a group of financial assets or financial liabilities or both, which is managed and its performance is evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with the Group's documented risk management or investment strategy, and information about the grouping is provided internally on that basis; or
- it forms part of a contract containing one or more embedded derivatives, and IAS 39 permits the entire combined contract to be designated as at FVTPL.

Financial liabilities at FVTPL are stated at fair value, with any gains or losses arising on remeasurement recognised in profit or loss. The net gain or loss recognised in profit or loss incorporates any interest paid on the financial liability and is included in the 'other gains and losses' line item.

Unless indicated otherwise, all amounts were given in thousands of PLN

The fair value of debt instruments is constituted by future cash flows discounted with the current market interest rate appropriate for similar instruments.

Financial liabilities valued at the amortised cost

Other financial liabilities, not classified as financial liabilities measured at the fair value through profit or loss, are classified as financial liabilities measured at the amortised cost. The Company includes in that category primarily trade liabilities, loans and credits taken out and debt instrument liabilities. Liabilities included in that category are measured at the amortised cost with the application of the effective interest rate.

10.14 Inventory

Inventory is valued at the lower of two values: the acquisition price / cost of manufacture and net realisable selling price.

The costs incurred in bringing each asset to its present location and condition, both in relation to the current and previous year, are recognised in the following way:

Materials

at the acquisition price determined by way of the first in – first out method,

Finished products and work in - the cost of direct materials and labour and an appropriate indirect labour determined on the assumption of the normal utilisation of production capacity,

Commodities

- at the acquisition price determined by way of the first in – first out method,

- the cost of direct materials and labour and an appropriate indirect labour determined on the assumption of the normal utilisation of production capacity,

- at the price of acquisition determined by way of the specific identification (land) or by means of the FIFO method (other commodities)

The price of acquisition or cost of manufacture of inventory comprises all the purchase, processing and other costs incurred in bringing inventory to its present location and condition.

The costs of purchase of inventory comprise the purchase price, import duties and other taxes (other than those subsequently recoverable by the entity from the taxing authorities), and transport, handling and other costs directly attributable to the acquisition of finished goods, materials and services. Trade discounts, rebates and other similar items are deducted in determining the costs of purchase.

The net realisable price is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

Inventory is reported at the net value (less revaluation deductions). Inventory revaluation deductions are created in relation to the loss of inventory value, with a view to bringing the value of inventory to the realisable net value level. Revaluation deductions are recognised directly as an expense. The value of a revaluation deduction reduces the balance sheet value of inventory comprised by such a deduction.

10.15 Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables are valued as at the balance sheet date at the amortised cost (i.e. discounted with the application of the effective interest rate) less impairment losses. In the case of short-term receivables with the term of payment up to 360 days, that valuation corresponds to the sum due.

When the influence of the time value of money is significant, the receivable is determined by discounting the projected future cash flows to the current value with the use of the gross discount rate reflecting the current market assessments of the time value of money and credit risk of customer. If discounting has been used, an increase of the receivable in relation to the passage of time is recognised as financial revenues.

Non-financial receivables are initially recognised at their nominal value and measured at the payable amount as at the balance sheet date.

Receivables are revalued with the probability of their payment taken into consideration, by way of a revaluation deduction. Impairment of trade receivables is deducted when there is objective evidence that it will not be possible to re receive all the sums due following from the original contract conditions. An assessment whether

Unless indicated otherwise, all amounts were given in thousands of PLN

objective evidence of impairment of receivables exists is performed on an ongoing basis, on receipt of information on the occurrence of objective evidence, which may determine impairment, at least as at the balance sheet date.

If there is objective evidence of impairment of receivables reported as at the amortised cost, the impairment loss is fixed as the difference between the balance sheet value of an asset and the current value of the future cash flows discounted on the basis of the effective interest rate. The probability of the future cash flows is determined on the basis of the analysis of historical data. The probability of losing the receivables was determined as a result of estimates based on the analysis of historical data - the deductions may be decreased if the Management Board has credible documents from which it follows that the receivables were secured and their payment is highly probable.

In particular, a 100% valuation allowance is made with regard to the receivables:

- from debtors in liquidation or bankruptcy, up to the amount not covered by a guarantee or another security,
- from debtors in the case of dismissal of a bankruptcy petition if the debtor's assets are not sufficient to cover the costs of bankruptcy proceedings to the full claim amount,
- challenged by the debtors and those outstanding to the amount not covered by a guarantee or other securities, if the assessment of the debtor's economic and financial position indicates that the repayment of the receivable in the agreed amount in the nearest semi-annual period is not possible,
- equivalent to the amounts increasing the receivables in relation to those against which a valuation allowance was previously made up to those amounts before they were received or reduced,
- overdue or not overdue receivables with a high probability of uncollectibility, in a credibly estimated allowance for uncollectible receivables,
- due interest for late payment.
- receivables whose maturity as at the balance sheet date exceeded 180 days.

Valuation allowances on receivables are recognised as selling costs. The reversal of valuation allowances on receivables is recognised if in the next periods impairment was decreased, and the increase in the value of a financial asset may be attributed to events occurring after the allowance was recognised. As a result of the reversal of the allowance, the balance sheet value of financial assets may not exceed the amortised cost, which would have been determined if the impairment loss had not been recognised previously. The reversal of the allowance is recognised in the income statement as the reduction of selling costs.

10.16 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and short-term deposits reported in the balance sheet comprise cash at bank and at hand as well as short-term deposits with original maturity not exceeding three months.

The balance of cash and cash equivalents reported in the consolidated cash flow statement consists of the above-specified cash and cash equivalents.

10.17 Fixed assets for disposal

Fixed assets (or their groups) for disposal are classified as held for sale if their balance sheet value will be recovered through sale transactions rather than through continued use provided that they are available for sale immediately in their present condition, subject to the conditions customarily used in the sale of those assets (or disposal groups) and that their sale is highly probable.

Immediately before the qualification of an asset (or a disposal group) as held for sale, those assets are measured i.e. their balance sheet value is determined in conformity with the provisions of relevant standards. Property, plant and equipment as well as intangibles are amortised to the reclassification date, and if factors indicating possible impairment occur, an impairment test is conducted and, consequently, an allowance is recognised, in conformity with IAS 36 "Impairment of Assets."

Fixed assets (or disposal groups), whose value was fixed in the above way are reclassified to assets held for sale. On reclassification, those assets are measured at the lower of the following two: the balance sheet value or the fair value less the costs of disposal. The difference from the measurement at the fair value is recognised in other operating costs. Upon subsequent valuation, any reversal of the fair value is recognised in other operating revenues.

Unless indicated otherwise, all amounts were given in thousands of PLN

A fixed asset is not depreciated if it is classified as held for sale or is included in a disposal group that is classified as held for sale. Interest and other expenses attributable to the liabilities of a disposal group classified as held for sale continue to be recognised.

If an entity no longer meets the criteria for the classification of an asset as held for sale, an asset is recognised in that balance sheet item from which it had been reclassified previously and measured at the lower of the following two amounts:

- the balance sheet value as at the date preceding the classification of an asset as held for sale, adjusted by amortisation or revaluation, which would have been recognised had the asset not been classified as held for sale, or
- the recoverable amount at the date of the decision not to sell.

10.18 Equity

Equity is recognised in accounting books with a division into its kinds and with reference to the principles set out in the provisions of law and the Company's Statutes.

Share capital is reported in the amount shown in the Statutes and the National Court Register. Declared but not paid-in capital contributions are recognised as capital not paid-in. Own shares and share capital not paid in decrease the Company's equity.

Share premium capital – that capital constitutes surpluses achieved at the issue of shares less the costs of such an issue of shares.

Other capital is constituted by the revaluation reserve from the measurement of the fair value of financial assets included in the category of available-for-sale financial assets.

Retained profits are constituted by: supplementary capital and reserves from profit for subsequent years, retained profit or non-financed loss from previous years (accumulated profits/losses from previous years), and the profit or loss for a current financial year.

10.19 Interest bearing credits, loans and debt securities

On initial recognition, all credits, loans and debt securities are recognised at the price of acquisition corresponding to the fair value of cash received less credit or loan costs.

After initial recognition, interest-bearing credits, loans and debt securities are subsequently valued at the amortised cost with the application of the effective interest rate method.

The costs related to a loan or credit and the discounts or bonuses obtained upon the settlement of a liability are taken into account in the determination of the amortised cost.

Profits and losses are recognised in the income statement on the derecognition of a liability from the balance sheet, and also as a result of the calculation of an allowance.

10.20 Trade and other liabilities

Liabilities are a present obligation arising from past events, the settlement of which is expected to result in an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits.

Financial and non-financial liabilities measured at the fair value through profit or loss are measured as at the balance sheet date at the amortised cost (i.e. discounted with the application of the effective interest rate). In the case of short-term liabilities with the term of payment up to 360 days, that valuation corresponds to the sum due.

Liabilities not classified as financial liabilities are measured at the amount required to be paid.

10.21 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that the Group will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. When a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its

Unless indicated otherwise, all amounts were given in thousands of PLN

carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows (when the effect of the time value of money is material).

When some or all of the economic benefits required to settle a provision are expected to be recovered from a third party, a receivable is recognised as an asset if it is virtually certain that reimbursement will be received and the amount of the receivable can be measured reliably.

The amount of provisions is updated twice a year - after six months and at the end of a financial year.

10.22 Revenues

Revenues are recognised in the amount in which the Group will probably obtain economic benefits related to a given transaction and when the revenue may be measured in a reliable way. Revenues are recognised after tax on goods and services (VAT), other taxes (except excise) and rebates (discounts and bonuses) have been deducted.

Revenues are measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Revenues are measured at the discounted value when the impact of the time value of money is significant (the significant impact being considered when the period over which the payment was obtained was longer than 360 days).

The criteria presented below also pertain to revenue recognition.

Sale of products and commodities

Revenues are recognised if the significant risk and benefits following from the ownership right of products or commodities were transferred to the acquirer and when the revenue may be reliably measured.

Performance of services

Revenues in relation to the performance of services, which may be reliably estimated and for which the level of performance may be specified, are recognised on the percentage of completion basis.

When the agreement value cannot be estimated in a reliable way, the revenues related to that agreement are recognised to the degree to which it is likely that the costs incurred in relation to that agreement will be covered by those revenues. If the costs of the agreement are likely to exceed the relevant revenues, the forecast loss is recognised as a cost immediately.

Interest

Interest revenue is recognised gradually as it accrues (with the effective interest rate method taken into account, that rate being the discounting rate for future cash proceeds over the estimated period of use of financial instruments) in relation to the net balance sheet value of a financial asset.

Dividends

Dividends are recognised when the shareholders' right to receive payment is established.

Rent-related revenues

Revenues related to the rental of investment property are recognised on a straight-line basis over the period of rental in relation to open agreements.

10.23 Income tax

Current tax

Current tax expense is calculated on the basis of taxable income (the taxable base) in a given financial year. The tax profit (loss) differs from the accounting profit (loss) in connection with the exclusion of revenues which are not subject to tax and of the non-allowable costs. Tax expenses are calculated on the basis of tax rates in force in a given financial year.

Deferred tax

Unless indicated otherwise, all amounts were given in thousands of PLN

For the requirements of financial reporting, the income tax reserve is created by way of the balance sheet liability method in relation to all temporary differences occurring as at the balance sheet date between the positive value of assets and liabilities and their balance sheet value shown in the financial statements.

The deferred tax liability is recognised in relation to all taxable temporary differences:

- except when the deferred tax liability arises as a result of the initial recognition of goodwill or of the initial
 recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction which is not a business combination and, at the time of
 the transaction, affects neither gross accounting profit nor taxable income or loss, and
- in the case of taxable temporary differences following from investments in subsidiaries or associates and interests in joint ventures except when the timing of the reversal of temporary differences is controlled by the investor and when it is probable that temporary differences will not be reversed in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, unused tax assets and unused tax losses carried forward to next years, in the amount in which it is probable that taxable income will be available, which will permit the above-mentioned differences, assets and losses to be utilised:

- except when the deferred tax assets pertaining to deductible temporary differences arise as a result of the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction which is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither gross accounting profit nor taxable income or loss, and
- in the case of deductible temporary differences following from investments in subsidiaries or associates and interests in joint ventures, a deferred tax asset is recognised in the balance sheet only in the amount in which it is probable that the above temporary differences will be reversed in the foreseeable future and that taxable income will be available, which will permit the deductible temporary differences to be deducted.

The balance sheet value of the deferred tax assets is reviewed at each balance sheet date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow the benefit of part or all of that deferred tax asset to be utilised.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Income tax on items recognised directly in equity is recognised in equity, and not in the income statement.

10.24 Net earnings per share

Net earnings per share for each period is calculated by dividing net profit for a given period by the weighted average number of shares in the given reporting period.

11. Information on operating segments

Operating segments were created at the level of various companies in the Group with differences in products and services taken into consideration. The data regarding the sale of homogeneous products and services by various Group companies were aggregated for reporting purposes. Aggregation for reporting purposes was based on the kind of activity i.e. the kind of products and services sold.

The Group carries activity within the following operating segments:

- 1) property development activity (INPRO SA, PB Domesta Sp. z o.o., the sale of apartments at Hotel Mikołajki Sp. z o.o.),
- 2) hotel services (Dom Zdrojowy Sp. z o.o. and Hotel Mikołajki Sp. z o.o.),
- 3) manufacture of concrete, reinforced concrete and steel elements (inBet Sp. z o.o.),
- 4) sanitary and heating installations (PI ISA Sp. z o.o.)

Activities in the above-mentioned segments are pursued in the territory of Poland.

Unless indicated otherwise, all amounts were given in thousands of PLN

			Continuing activities			Exclusions	Total activities
Figures for the period 01/01/2016-31/12/2016	Property development activity	Hotel services	Manufacture of precast units	Sanitary and heating installations	Total		
Revenues							
Sales to external customers	168 113	28 444	7 053	1 021	204 631		204 631
Sales between segments	4 066	1 800	4 500	5 644	16 009	(16 009)	-
Total revenues of the segment	172 179	30 245	11 552	6 665	220 640	(16 009)	204 631
Profit (loss) of the segment	52 235	8 704	2 329	743	64 011	(558)	63 453
Selling costs	(4 392)	(631)	(450)	-	(5 473)	-	(5 474)
Administrative expenses	(13 045)	(5 455)	(976)	(1 017)	(20 492)	-	(20 492)
Other operating revenues/costs	864	(101)	(122)	(2)	640	4	644
Profit (loss) on operating activities	35 662	2 518	782	(276)	38 686	(554)	38 131
Interest revenue	317	20	6	1	344	(97)	246
Interest cost	(432)	(1 132)	(124)	(7)	(1 695)	97	(1 597)
Other net revenues /financial costs	813	(73)	(14)		727	(702)	24
Profit (loss) before tax	36 361	1 333	650	(282)	38 061	(1 256)	36 805
Income tax	(6 762)	(368)	(349)	(5)	(7 483)	17	(7 466)
Net profit (loss) for the financial period	29 599	966	301	(287)	30 579	(1 240)	29 339
- including attributable to non-controlling shareholders							1 630

Unless indicated otherwise, all amounts were given in thousands of PLN

			Continuing activities				
Figures as at 31/12/2016	Property development activity	Hotel services	Manufacture of precast units	Sanitary and heating installations	Total	Exclusions	Total activities
Assets and liabilities							_
Segment assets	342 169	97 992	15 797	1 473	457 432	(99 310)	358 121
Total assets	342 169	97 992	15 797	1 473	457 432	(99 310)	358 121
Total equity	263 387	64 203	9 567	959	338 115	(92 479)	245 636
Segment liabilities	78 782	33 789	6 231	514	119 316	(6 831)	112 485
Total liabilities and capital	342 169	97 992	15 797	1 473	457 432	(99 310)	358 121
Other information concerning segments for 2016	Property development activity	Hotel services	Manufacture of precast units	Sanitary and heating installations	Total	Exclusions	Total activities
Change of fixed assets in the period	977	3 643	-	-	4 620	(261)	4 359
Depreciation of fixed assets	(1 262)	(2 025)	(544)	(24)	(3 855)	70	(3 785)

(97)

(2 200)

21

(87)

(2016)

Total impairment loss as at 31/12/2015

(2 179)

Unless indicated otherwise, all amounts were given in thousands of PLN

			Continuing activities				
Figures for the period 01/01/2015-31/12/2015	Property development activity	Hotel services	Manufacture of precast units	Sanitary and heating installations	Total	Exclusions	Total activities
Revenues							
Sales to external customers	178 649	27 114	3 181	2 077	211 021	-	211 021
Sales between segments	2 027	55	6 475	2 274	10 831	(10 831)	-
Total revenues of the segment	180 676	27 169	9 656	4 351	221 852	(10 831)	211 021
Profit (loss) of the segment	49 949	5 935	1 673	1 180	58 737	(1 092)	57 645
Selling costs	(4 949)	(436)	-	-	(5 385)	-	(5 385)
Administrative expenses	(10 538)	(6 551)	(1 193)	(999)	(19 281)	-	(19 281)
Other operating revenues/costs	(29)	693	49	6	719	(4)	715
Profit (loss) on operating activities	34 433	(359)	529	187	34 790	(1 096)	33 694
Interest revenue	1 439	50	12	1	1 502	(1 088)	414
Interest cost	(945)	(1 765)	(16)	-	(2 726)	1 088	(1 638)
Other net revenues /financial costs	440	(30)	(8)	(3)	399	(499)	(100)
Profit (loss) before tax	35 367	(2 104)	517	185	33 965	(1 595)	32 370
Income tax	(6 794)	(178)	230	(39)	(6 781)	210	(6 571)
Net profit (loss) for the financial period	28 573	(2 282)	747	146	27 184	(1 385)	25 799
- including attributable to non-controlling shareholders							896

Unless indicated otherwise, all amounts were given in thousands of PLN

			Continuing activities				
Figures as at 31/12/2015	Property development activity	Hotel services	Manufacture of precast units	Sanitary and heating installations	Total	Exclusions	Total activities
Assets and liabilities							
Segment assets	354 928	100 223	10 319	2 748	468 218	(100 034)	368 184
Total assets	354 928	100 223	10 319	2 748	468 218	(100 034)	368 184
Total equity	247 185	62 764	8 170	1 545	319 664	(90 847)	228 817
Segment liabilities	107 743	37 459	2 149	1 203	148 554	(9 187)	139 367
Total liabilities and capital	354 928	100 223	10 319	2 748	468 218	(100 034)	368 184
Other information concerning segments for 2015	Property development activity	Hotel services	Manufacture of precast units	Sanitary and heating installations	Total	Exclusions	Total activities
Change of fixed assets in the period	1 378	844	2 146	413	4 781	-	4 781
Depreciation of fixed assets	(1 464)	(4 444)	(191)	(11)	(6 110)	63	(6 047)
Total impairment loss as at 31/12/2015	(284)	(127)	(235)	-	(646)	21	(625)

Unless indicated otherwise, all amounts were given in thousands of PLN

12. Costs and revenues

12.1 Sales revenues

Sales revenues	01/01/2016 -31/12/2016	01/01/2015 -31/12/2015
Revenues from the sale of products	163 894	182 673
Revenues from the sale of services	34 122	28 321
Proceeds from the sale of commodities and materials	6 616	27
Total sales revenues	204 631	211 021

12.2 Costs by category, including employee benefits

Costs by category	01/01/2016 -31/12/2016	01/01/2015 -31/12/2015
Depreciation	3 785	6 047
Consumption of materials and energy	47 863	45 260
External services	69 108	70 982
Taxes and charges	2 676	3 710
Costs of employee benefits, including:	33 659	28 695
- payroll	28 347	23 701
- costs of social insurances and other benefits	5 313	4 994
Other costs	2 951	3 132
Total costs by category	160 041	157 826
Change in products, work in progress and accruals (+/-)	5 883	22 220
Costs of products for the entity's own needs (-)	(5 355)	(2 031)
Selling costs (-)	(5 473)	(5 385)
Administrative expenses (-)	(20 492)	(19 281)
Value of commodities and materials sold	6 574	27
Cost of sales	141 178	153 376
Total costs of products, commodities and materials sold, cost of sales and administrative expenses	167 143	178 042

Unless indicated otherwise, all amounts were given in thousands of $\ensuremath{\mathsf{PLN}}$

12.3 Other operating revenues

Other operating revenues	01/01/2016 -31/12/2016	01/01/2015 -31/12/2015
Net profit from the disposal of non-financial fixed assets	-	97
Settlement of revaluation deductions on the value of trade receivables and interest receivable	-	73
Settlement of the count of cash, property, plant, equipment and inventory	-	-
Cancelled and time-barred liabilities	632	43
Penalties and damages received	309	892
Reimbursement of court costs by the recipient and claims recovered by enforcement	11	38
Settlement of the provision for contentious issues	183	117
Settlement of other provisions	-	148
Other	71	78
Total other operating revenues	1 205	1 486

12.4 Other operating costs

Other operating costs	01/01/2016 -31/12/2016	01/01/2015 -31/12/2015
Net loss from the disposal of non-financial fixed assets	20	
Valuation allowance for trade receivables	39	17
Other valuation allowance	-	-
Valuation allowance for time-barred, cancelled receivables and bad debts	10	3
Provision for the loss of profit in relation to price reduction	-	-
Provision for penalties, court costs and damages	82	460
Donations given	129	74
Penalties, fines and damages	58	53
Costs of court proceedings	15	40
Valuation allowance for expenditure on fixed assets under construction	111	
Other	100	124
Total other operating costs	561	771

Unless indicated otherwise, all amounts were given in thousands of $\ensuremath{\mathsf{PLN}}$

12.5 Financial revenues

Financial revenues	01/01/2016 -31/12/2016	01/01/2015 -31/12/2015
Interest revenue, including:	246	414
- interest on bank deposits	224	345
- interest on cash and cash equivalents	18	20
- other interest	4	49
Exchange gains	-	-
Other financial revenues	124	11
Total financial revenues	370	425

12.6 Financial costs

Financial costs	01/01/2016 -31/12/2016	01/01/2015 -31/12/2015
Interest costs, including:	1 597	1 732
- in relation to loans and credits	1 396	1 603
- in relation to finance lease	147	20
-interest on debt instrument liabilities	-	91
- concerning trade liabilities	1	18
- other	53	-
Provisions	10	
Exchange losses	4	-
- exchange losses concerning cash and cash equivalents	1	-
- exchange losses concerning other financial assets	3	-
Other financial costs	85	17
Total financial costs	1 697	1 749
Net financial revenues and costs	(1 327)	(1 324)

Unless indicated otherwise, all amounts were given in thousands of PLN

13. Income tax

13.1 Income tax disclosed in the statement of total income

Income tax	01/01/2016 -31/12/2016	01/01/2015 -31/12/2015
Consolidated statement of total income		
Current income tax	5 593	5 921
Current income tax liability	5 628	5 921
Adjustments concerning current income tax from previous years	(35)	-
Deferred income tax	1 872	650
Relating to the establishment and reversal of temporary differences	1 872	650
Tax liability shown in the consolidated statement of total income	7 466	6 571

As regards income tax, the Group is subject to the general provisions of law. The Group is not a capital tax group, neither does it conduct activity in a special economic zone, which would make a difference in the determination of tax burdens in relation to the general provisions of law. The tax and balance sheet year coincides with the calendar year.

13.2 Income tax recognised in equity - not applicable

13.3 Reconciliation of income tax on gross accounting profit

The reconciliation of income tax on gross accounting profit before tax as per the statutory tax rate with income tax calculated with reference to the Group's effective tax rate for the year ended on 31 December 2016 and 31 December 2015 is as follows:

	01.01.2016 -31.12.2016	01/01/2015 -31/12/2015
Gross profit / (loss) from continuing operations before tax	36 805	32 370
Gross profit / (loss) before tax	36 805	32 370
Income tax with reference to the tax rate binding in Poland, 19%	6 993	6 150
Effect of differences between accounting value and tax value of revenues	3 750	(1 213)
Effect of differences between accounting and tax value of costs	(4 420)	1 296
Effect concerning operating lease settlements	905	(112)
Others	(10)	(23)
Effect of tax losses in subsidiaries	297	667
Effect of used tax losses from previous years	(51)	(194)
-	7 463	6 571

Unless indicated otherwise, all amounts were given in thousands of PLN

A 11			
Adjustments	concorning	nravialic	Varc
Aujustilients	COLICELLIIII	previous	y Cai 3

Adjustments concerning previous years	3	-
Income tax disclosed in the statement of total income	7 466	2 070
effective interest rate	20,28%	20,21%

Unrecognised deferred income tax assets and unused tax allowances:

	As at 31/12/2016	As at 31/12/2015
	PLN'000	PLN'000
As at the balance sheet date, the following deferred tax assets were not reported:		
- Unused tax losses	1 112	547
- Unused income tax relief	-	-
- Temporary differences	-	-
Total	1 112	547

Unused tax losses expire in the following years:

2017 - 1 703 k PLN, 2018 - 1 238 k PLN, 2019 - 1 861 k PLN, 2020 - 2 395 k PLN, 2021 - 640 k PLN

Unless indicated otherwise, all amounts were given in thousands of $\ensuremath{\mathsf{PLN}}$

13.4 Deferred income tax

31/12/2016	Status as at the beginning of the period	(Increases) charged to accounting profit	(Decreases) charged to accounting profit	Status as at the end of the period
Temporary differences	concerning defe	erred income tax a	ssets:	
Provision for repairs under the guarantee	81	38	(80)	39
Provision for unused vacation leave and retirement severance pay	175	202	(174)	203
Unpaid payroll	139	129	(139)	129
Doubtful receivables	15	80	(12)	83
Unrealised profits in the Group	1 002	1 884	(1 183)	1 703
Tax loss in a subsidiary	856	341	(334)	863
Provision for a balance sheet audit	4	7	(5)	6
Provision for the loss of profit in relation to price reduction	54	329	-	383
Provision for contentious court cases	60	-	(26)	34
Other	287	22	(244)	65
Effect of asset offset against deferred CIT provision at the level of separate financial statements of Inpro Group entities	(685)	-	(1 212)	(1 896)
	1 988	3 032	(3 409)	1 611
Temporary differences	concerning the	deferred income	tax provision:	
Result on the sale of premises on the basis of the handover and receipt report	3 838	4 209	(1 749)	6 298
Interest on deposits and loans allowed	187		(116)	71
Property, plant and equipment	351	497	(102)	746
Differences in the valuation of fixed assets	3	29	(61)	(28)
Effect of asset offset against deferred CIT provision at the level of separate financial statements of Inpro Group entities	(685)	-	(1 212)	(1 896)
	3 694	4 735	(3 240)	5 189

Unless indicated otherwise, all amounts were given in thousands of $\ensuremath{\mathsf{PLN}}$

31/12/2015	Status as at the beginning of the period	Presentation adjustment	(Increases) charged to accounting profit	(Decreases) charged to accounting profit	Status as at the end of the period
Tem		nces concerning	deferred incon	ne tax assets:	
Provision for repairs under the guarantee	64		81	(64)	81
Provision for unused vacation leave and retirement severance pay	200	-	167	(192)	175
Unpaid payroll	107	-	139	(107)	139
Doubtful receivables	21		3	(9)	15
Unrealised profits in the Group	871		847	(716)	1 002
Tax loss in a subsidiary	185	-	830	(159)	856
Provision for a balance sheet audit	10	-	4	(10)	4
Write-downs of inventory	28	-	54	(28)	54
Provision for contentious court cases	31		60	(31)	60
Others	890		71	(674)	287
Effect of asset offset against deferred CIT provision at the level of separate financial statements of Inpro Group entities		(690)	690	(685)	(685)
	2 407	(690)	2 946	(2 675)	1 988
Те	mporary differ	ences concernir	ng the deferred	income tax provi	sion:
Result on the sale of premises on the basis of the handover and receipt report	2 700		2 350	(1 212)	3 838
Interest on deposits and loans allowed	385		37	(235)	187
Property, plant and equipment	298		172	(119)	351
Differences in the valuation of fixed assets	80		30	(107)	3
Effect of asset offset against deferred CIT provision at the level of separate financial statements of Inpro Group entities		(690)	690	(685)	(685)
	3 463	(690)	3 279	(2 358)	3 694

Unless indicated otherwise, all amounts were given in thousands of PLN

14. Assets and liabilities relating to the Company's Welfare Fund

The Group creates the fund and makes periodical deductions in the amount of the deduction from pay. The Fund's objective is to subsidise the Company's welfare activity, grants allowed to its employees and other welfare costs.

The Group companies compensated the Fund's assets with the Company's liabilities towards the Fund as those assets do not constitute the Group's separate assets. The surplus of the Fund's assets over its liabilities adjusted the other receivables of the companies.

The table below presents the analysis of the Fund's assets, liabilities and costs.

	31/12/2016	31/12/2015
Cash	124	101
Loans given to employees	4	9
Total assets of the Company's Welfare Fund	128	110
Liabilities in relation to the Company's Welfare Fund	128	123
Assets/liabilities of the Company's Welfare Fund	-	(13)
Contributions to the Fund in the turnover period	66	209

On the basis of annexe No. 6 to the Remuneration Rules, INPRO SA stopped the creation of the Company's Welfare Fund on 1 January 2016. The money at the account of the Company's Welfare Fund will be spent and settled in conformity with previous rules until it has been used up. Unreconciled benefits awarded to the employees from the Company's Welfare Fund will be settled in conformity with the agreements signed.

15. Earnings per share

The basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing net profit for a period, such profit falling to ordinary shareholders of the Parent Company, by the average weighted number of the issued ordinary shares occurring in the period.

The diluted earnings per share are calculated by dividing net profit for a period, such profit falling to ordinary shareholders (following the deduction of interest on redeemable privileged shares convertible into ordinary shares) by the average weighted number of the issued ordinary shares occurring in the period (such number having been adjusted by the impact of diluting options and diluting privileged shares convertible into ordinary ones).

The figures concerning profit and shares used for the calculation of the basic and diluted earnings per share have been presented below:

Earnings per share	01/01/2016 -31/12/2016	01/01/2015 -31/12/2015
Net profit (loss) from continuing operations	27 709	24 903
Net profit from discontinued operations	-	
Net profit attributable to shareholders in the parent entity	27 709	24 903
Weighted average number of ordinary shares	40 040	40 040

Unless indicated otherwise, all amounts were given in thousands of $\ensuremath{\mathsf{PLN}}$

Basic earnings per share	01/01/2016 -31/12/2016	01/01/2015 -31/12/2015
Net profit	27 709	24 903
Weighted average number of ordinary shares	40 040	40 040
Basic earnings per share (PLN/share)	0,6920	0,6219
Diluted earnings per share	01/01/2016 -31/12/2016	01/01/2015 -31/12/2015
Net profit attributable to the parent entity's shareholders used for diluted earnings per share calculation	27 709	24 903
Adjusted weighted average number of ordinary shares used for diluted earnings per share calculation	40 040	40 040
Diluted earnings per share (PLN/share)	0,6920	0,6219
Basic earnings per share from continuing operations	01/01/2016 -31/12/2016	01/01/2015 -31/12/2015
Net profit from continuing operations	27 709	24 903
Weighted average number of ordinary shares	40 040	40 040
Basic earnings per share (PLN/share)	0,6920	0,6219
Diluted earnings per share from continuing operations	01/01/2016 -31/12/2016	01/01/2015 -31/12/2015
Net profit attributable to Shareholders used for the calculation of diluted earnings per share from continuing operations	27 709	24 903
Adjusted weighted average number of ordinary shares used for diluted earnings per share calculation	40 040	40 040
Diluted earnings per share (PLN/share)	0,6920	0,6219

16. Dividends paid and proposed

Dividends paid and proposed	01/01/2016 -31/12/2016	01/01/2015 -31/12/2015
Declared and paid dividends for ordinary shares:	12 083	3 634
- dividend paid to the parent entity's shareholders from profit for 2015	12 012	
- dividend paid to non-controlling shareholders from profit for 2015	71	
- dividend paid to the parent entity's shareholders from profit for 2014	-	3 603
- dividend paid to the non-controlling shareholders from profit for 2014	-	31
Total dividends reducing the Group's profit	12 083	3 634
Dividend paid to non-controlling shareholders	437	795
Total dividends and other payments to owners	12 520	4 429

Unless indicated otherwise, all amounts were given in thousands of PLN

Dividend payment in 2016:

In conformity with the resolution No. 12/2016 Ordinary General Assembly of Inpro SA on the division of the Company's net profit for the period from 1 January 2015 to 31 December 2015, the part of the profit in the amount of PLN 12,012 k i.e. PLN 0.30 per share was paid as a dividend to the shareholders of Inpro. The General Assembly set out 27/05/2016 as the dividend date and 10/06/2016 as the dividend payment date.

Based on resolution No. 6/2016 the General Meeting of a subsidiary, PB Domesta Sp. z o.o., made a decision on the payment of the dividend in the amount of PLN 910 k from profit for 2015.

Based on resolution No. 4 of 29/06/2015 r. the General Meeting of a subsidiary, PI ISA Sp. z o.o., made a decision on the payment of the dividend in the amount of PLN 300 k from profit for 2015.

Dividend payment in 2015:

In conformity with the resolution No. 9 Ordinary General Assembly of Inpro SA on the division of the Company's net profit for the period from 1 January 2014 to 31 December 2014, the part of the profit in the amount of PLN 3,603 k i.e. PLN 0.10 per share was paid as a dividend to the shareholders of Inpro. The General Assembly set out 14/07/2015 as the dividend date and 28/07/2015 as the dividend payment date.

Based on resolution No. 7/2015 the General Meeting of a subsidiary, PB Domesta Sp. z o.o., made a decision on the payment of the dividend in the amount of PLN 853 k from profit for 2014.

Based on resolution No. 4 of 29/06/2015 r. the General Meeting of a subsidiary, PI ISA Sp. z o.o., made a decision on the payment of the dividend in the amount of PLN 450 k from profit for 2014.

Unless indicated otherwise, all amounts were given in thousands of PLN

17. Property, plant and equipment

01/01/2016-31/12/2016	Land	Buildings, premises and civil and hydraulic engineering structures	Machinery and equipment	Motor vehicles	Other fixed assets	Fixed assets under construction	TOTAL
a) gross value of fixed assets as at the beginning of the period	5 139	81 115	18 981	7 105	9 477	2 348	124 165
b) increases (in relation to)	-	4 549	6 915	422	1 558	3 878	17 322
- purchase	-	-	776	279	792	-	1 846
- receipt from investments	-	4 278	562	-	32	-	4 872
- modernisation	-	292	107	-	-	-	399
- expenditures on fixed assets under construction	-	-	-	-	-	3 878	3 878
- assets taken over on the basis of lease agreements	-	-	5 548	149	635	-	6 332
- other	_	(21)	(77)	(7)	99		(6)
c) decreases (in relation to)	(5)	(119)	(301)	(148)	(198)	(5 061)	(5 833)
- sale	(5)	(23)	(20)	(119)	(88)	(57)	(314)
- liquidation	-	(96)	(281)	(29)	(110)	(111)	(625)
- reclassification to another category	-	-	-	-	-	(4 894)	(4 894)
d) gross value of fixed assets as at the end of the period	5 134	85 545	25 595	7 379	10 837	1 165	135 653
e) accumulated amortisation (depreciation) as at the beginning of the period	(138)	(9 037)	(8 022)	(4 483)	(6 896)	-	(28 576)
f) depreciation for the period (in relation to)	(5)	(724)	(967)	(345)	(1 128)	-	(3 169)
- annual depreciation charge	(5)	(779)	(1 201)	(492)	(1 229)	-	(3 705)
- sale of a fixed asset	_	5	20	119		-	144
- liquidation of a fixed asset	-	49	193	28	123	-	393
- other	-	1	21	-	(22)	-	-
g) accumulated amortisation (depreciation) as at the end of the period	(143)	(9 759)	(8 989)	(4 828)	(8 024)	-	(31 744)

Unless indicated otherwise, all amounts were given in thousands of PLN

 h) write-offs related to the permanent impairment as at the beginning of the period 	-	(38)	-	-	-	-	(38)
i) write-offs related to the permanent impairment as at the end of the period	-	(38)	-	-	-	-	(38)
j) net value as at the beginning of the period	5 001	72 041	10 960	2 621	2 581	2 348	95 551
k) net value as at the end of the period	4 991	75 748	16 607	2 551	2 812	1 165	103 873

COMPARATIVE DATA

01/01/2015-31/12/2015	Land	Buildings, premises and civil and hydraulic engineering structures	Machinery and equipment	Motor vehicles	Other fixed assets	Fixed assets under construction	TOTAL
a) gross value of fixed assets as at the beginning of the period	5 136	80 277	17 108	6 794	8 972	457	118 744
b) increases (in relation to)	84	1 457	1 935	760	509	1 891	6 636
- purchase	-	20	343	501	345	1 819	3 028
- receipt from investments	-	4	-	-	41	-	45
- modernisation	-	590	88	-	-	-	678
- expenditures on fixed assets under construction	-	-	-	-	-	72	72
- investment in an external fixed asset	-	-	32	-	-	-	32
- assets taken over on the basis of lease agreements	-	-	1 426	258	-	-	1 684
- extension of the Capital Group	3	226	46	1	123	-	399
- reclassification to investment properties item	81	617	-	-	-	-	698
c) decreases (in relation to)	(81)	(619)	(62)	(449)	(4)	-	(1 216)
- sale	-	-	(8)	(308)	-	-	(316)
- liquidation	-	(2)	(54)	(141)	(4)	-	(201)
- reclassification to another category	(81)	(617)	-	_	-	-	(698)

Unless indicated otherwise, all amounts were given in thousands of PLN

d) gross value of fixed assets as at the end of the period	5 139	81 115	18 981	7 105	9 477	2 348	124 165
e) accumulated amortisation (depreciation) as at the beginning of the period	(130)	(6 839)	(6 104)	(4 226)	(5 700)	-	(22 999)
f) depreciation for the period (in relation to)	(8)	(2 198)	(1 918)	(257)	(1 196)	-	(5 577)
- annual depreciation charge	(8)	(2 131)	(1 940)	(699)	(1 102)	-	(5 880)
- sale of a fixed asset	-	-	8	308	-	-	316
- liquidation of a fixed asset	-	2	52	135	4	-	193
- extension of the Capital Group	(3)	(96)	(38)	(1)	(98)	-	(236)
- reclassification to investment properties item	3	27	=	-	-	-	30
g) accumulated amortisation (depreciation) as at the end of the period	(138)	(9 037)	(8 022)	(4 483)	(6 896)	-	(28 576)
h) write-offs related to the permanent impairment as at the beginning of the period	-	(38)	-	-	-	-	(38)
i) write-offs related to the permanent impairment as at the end of the period	-	(38)	-	-	-	-	(38)
j) net value as at the beginning of the period	5 006	73 400	11 004	2 568	3 272	457	95 707
k) net value as at the end of the period	5 001	72 040	10 959	2 622	2 581	2 348	95 551

Unless indicated otherwise, all amounts were given in thousands of PLN

The balance sheet value of property, plant and equipment in the reporting period increased by PLN 8.321 k. That was mainly due to new fixed assets gained on the basis of lease agreements. There was no material liquidation of fixed assets in the reporting period.

In the fixed assets area, the following are of the greatest significance:

- fixed assets presented in buildings, premises and civil and hydraulic engineering structures by Hotel Mikołajki Sp. z o.o. in total value of PLN 3.207 k (mainly connector between buildings)
- precast concrete production line 5,2 million PLN on the basis of operating lease agreements, presented for balance sheet purposes as financial lease
- purchase and modernisation of machines- PLN 1.138 (inBet Sp. z o.o.)
- motor vehicles taken over on the basis of lease agreements- PLN 381 k

The balance sheet value of all the fixed assets used as at 31 December 2016 on the basis of finance lease agreements and lease agreements with a purchase option was PLN 6.854 k, (31 December 2015: PLN 2.353 k).

The securities on fixed assets as at 31/12/2016 were described in detail in note No. 30.

18. Investment property

In 2016 the value of Investment property increased in amount of 1 123 k. PLN because of reclassification of apartment from Stocks to Investment property, which is going to be hired.

	31/12/2016	31/12/2015
Property, plant and equipment	103 873	95 551
Investment property	2 853	1 730
Total	106 726	97 281

Unless indicated otherwise, all amounts were given in thousands of PLN

19. Intangibles

CHANGES IN THE VALUE OF INTANGIBLES (BY CATEGORY) 01/01/2016 - 31/12/2016	Cost of completed development work	Goodwill	Software	Other intangibles	TOTAL
a) gross value of intangibles as at the beginning of the period	-	6 708	577	242	7 527
b) increases (in relation to) - purchase		- -	46 46	- -	46 46
c) decreases (in relation to)		-	(3)	-	(3)
- liquidation	-	-	(3)	-	(3)
d) gross value of intangibles as at the end of the period	-	6 708	620	242	7 570
e) accumulated depreciation as at the beginning of the period	-	-	(548)	(126)	(674)
f) depreciation for the period (in relation to)	-	-	(35)	(42)	(77)
- depreciation (the annual charge)	-	-	(38)	(42)	(80)
- liquidation	-	-	3	-	3
g) accumulated amortisation (depreciation) as at the end of the period	-	-	(583)	(168)	(751)
h) net value of intangibles as at the beginning of the period	-	6 708	29	116	6 853
i) net value of intangibles as at the end of the period	-	6 708	37	74	6 819

Unless indicated otherwise, all amounts were given in thousands of PLN

CHANGES IN THE VALUE OF INTANGIBLES (BY CATEGORY) 01/01/2015 - 31/12/2015	Cost of completed development work	Goodwill	Software	Other intangibles	TOTAL
a) gross value of intangibles as at the beginning of the period	-	5 624	575	215	6 414
b) increases (in relation to)	-	1 084	36	27	1 147
purchasereclassificationextension of the Capital Group	-	- - 1 084	32 - 4	- 27 -	32 27 1 088
c) decreases (in relation to)		-	(34)	-	(34)
- sale	-	-	(7)	-	(7)
- reclassification		-	(27)	-	(27)
d) gross value of intangibles as at the end of the period	-	6 708	577	242	7 527
e) accumulated depreciation as at the beginning of the period	-	-	(449)	(58)	(507)
f) depreciation for the period (in relation to)	-	-	(99)	(68)	(167)
- depreciation (the annual charge)	-	-	(122)	(45)	(167)
- sale	-	-	4	-	4
- extension of the Capital Group		-	(4)	-	(4)
- reclassification		-	23	(23)	-
g) accumulated amortisation (depreciation) as at the end of the period	-	-	(548)	(126)	(674)
h) net value of intangibles as at the beginning of the period	-	5 624	126	157	5 907
i) net value of intangibles as at the end of the period	-	6 708	29	116	6 853

Unless indicated otherwise, all amounts were given in thousands of PLN

19.1 Goodwill

As a result of the purchase of 51% of shares in P.B. Domesta Sp. z o.o. on 12 August 2010, goodwill was disclosed in the amount of PLN 5,624 k.

As a result of the purchase of 76.92% of shares in PI ISA Sp. z o.o. on 01 July 2015, goodwill was disclosed in the amount of PLN 1,084 k.

20. Business combinations

20.1 Goodwill on consolidation

Goodwill on consolidation	31/12/2016	31/12/2015
Balance sheet value of goodwill on consolidation		
P.B. Domesta Sp. z o.o.	5 624	5 624
PI ISA Sp. z o.o.	1 084	1 084
Total balance sheet value	6 708	6 708

During 2016 and 2015 the following changes in goodwill on consolidation occurred:

	01/01/2016 -31/12/2016	01/01/2015 -31/12/2015
Goodwill on consolidation as at the beginning of the period	6 708	5 624
Changes of goodwill on consolidation in the period (acquisition of shares in PI ISA Sp. z o.o.)	-	1 084
Total balance sheet value as at the end of the period	6 708	6 708

As a result of the purchase of 51% of shares in P.B. Domesta Sp. z o.o. on 12 August 2010, goodwill was disclosed in the amount of PLN 5,624 k.

The price of purchase of 51% of shares in P.B. Domesta Sp. z o.o. on 12 August 2010 was fixed on the basis of the valuation of P.B. Domesta Sp. z o.o. at its fair value measured by the income method. Goodwill was determined as the difference between the value of the purchased share in the net assets of the company and the purchase price.

Goodwill increased by PLN 1,084 k in the current reporting period.

As a result of the purchase of 76.92% of shares in Przedsiębiorstwo Instalacyjne ISA Sp. z o.o. on 01/07/2015, goodwill was shown in the amount of PLN 1,084 k.

The price for the purchase of 76.92 % shares in PI ISA Sp. z o.o. on 1/07/2015 was fixed on the basis of the valuation of PI ISA Sp. z o.o. in conformity with the fair value determined by means of the comparable data method with data from the active market in relation to similar trades and those affecting the company under valuation.

The valuation date is 31 March 2015. Goodwill was determined as the difference between the value of the purchased share in the net assets of the company and the purchase price.

An impairment test conducted as at 31 December 2016 confirmed that the value shown in the statements is realistic.

Unless indicated otherwise, all amounts were given in thousands of PLN

The recoverable value of PB Domesta Sp. z o.o. and PI ISA Sp. z o.o. as at 31/12/2016 was determined by calculating the value in use on the basis of estimated cash flows in a 5-year period. The discount rate applied to the cash flows is 5%, and after 5 years the cash flows are extrapolated at the growth rate of 0.5%.

Key assumptions used in the calculation of the value in use of entities:

The calculation of the value in use is the most susceptible to assumptions pertaining to:

- gross profit margin,
- discount rate,
- discount rate taken for the extrapolation of cash flows beyond the forecast period.

PB Domesta Sp. z o.o., Hotel Mikołajki Sp. z o.o. and PI ISA Sp. z o.o. calculated gross margins for the period covered by the forecast on the basis of the average gross margin achieved in the period directly preceding the start of the period covered by the forecast (the average actual margin from the last 3 years i.e. 2014-2016). The values taken for key assumptions therefore reflect the previous experience.

PB Domesta Sp. z o.o., Hotel Mikołajki and PI ISA Sp. z o.o. took the assumption that the weighted average cost of capital is equal to the equity cost because those companies did not use and, as at the date of the forecast, do not intend to use significant external finance. The cost of equity was determined as the total interest on 10-year treasury bonds (2.7%) and a risk premium (2%).

The estimated growth rate is based on sectoral analyses and estimates made by the Management Board.

20.2 Acquisition of business entities

On 01/07/2015 INPRO SA entered into three purchase agreements for the total of 270 shares in Przedsiębiorstwo Instalacyjne ISA Sp. z o.o. with its registered office in Gdańsk. On the basis of the signed agreements INPRO SA purchased 90 shares at the nominal value of PLN 200 each from each of the members of the Management Board of INPRO S.A., that is from Mr Piotr Stefaniak, Mr Krzysztof Maraszek and Mr Zbigniew Lewiński. After the purchase of the shares, INPRO S.A. holds in PI ISA Sp. z o.o. the total of 270 shares of the nominal value of PLN 54,000, such shares granting jointly 76.92 % of the capital of that entity (PLN 80,000). The purchase agreement was registered in the National Court Register on 07/09/2015.

PI ISA Sp. z o.o. was acquired in relation to the intention to extend the Group's activity to include yet another segment - plumbing and heating systems.

Recognised goodwill includes certain intangibles, which can be neither segregated in the acquired entity nor valued in a credible way because of their nature. Intangibles recognised under that item comprise, among others, long-term experience in the construction of sanitary and heating installations, skilled and loyal staff, and the satisfaction of current customers.

The fair value of identifiable assets and liabilities of PI ISA Sp. z o.o. as at the acquisition date is as follows

	fair value at the takeover day
Property, plant and equipment	162
Inventory	15
Short- term receivables including:	1 672
trade receivables*	1 664
other receivables	8
Cash	945
Prepayments	88
TOTAL ASSETS	2 882
Deferred income tax provision	2
Short-term liabilities	1 471
Prepayment	11
TOTAL LIABILITIES	1 484
FAIR VALUE OF NET ASSETS	1 398

Unless indicated otherwise, all amounts were given in thousands of PLN

*Trade receivables were not at risk and therefore not comprised in any revaluation deductions as at 30/06/2015.

NON-CONTROLLING SHARES AS AT THE ACQUISITION DATE: PLN 323 K

The purchase price

Total payment	2 160
number of purchased share	270
purchase price	8
purchased share in the net assets of the company	76,92%
Goodwill- result of the takeover	1 084

Cash outflow in relations to the acquisition

Net cash taken over with the subsidiary

945

Paid amount

2 160

Net cash outflow	(1 215)
------------------	---------

Sales revenues and the net profit realised by PI ISA Sp. z o.o. broken down by: the period before the acquisition of shares in the entity (i.e. for the period 01/01/2015-30/06/2015) and for the period after the acquisition of shares in the entity (i.e. 01/07/2015-31/12/2015):

	01/01/2015- 30/06/2015 (before acquisition)	01/07/2015- 31/12/2015 (after acquisition)	Total 2015
Sales revenues, including:	3 576	4 352	7 928
for the Group's entities	-	2 275	2 275
for entities outside the Group	3 576	2 077	5 653
Net profit	181	147	328

Revenues realised by PI ISA in the period 01/07/2015-31/12/2015 for entities outside the Group were 0.98% of consolidated revenues.

20.3 Establishment of new business entities

On 01/07/2016 INPRO SA established a new subsidiary under the business name of SML Sp. z o.o. INPRO SA subscribed for 4,000 shares in the share capital at the nominal value of PLN 50 per share, totalling PLN 200,000 (100%), which were covered by that amount in cash.

SML Sp. z o.o. was registered in the National Court Register on 14/07/2016 under number 0000628286. The main object of that entity is interior fit-out and construction finishing services.

As at the balance sheet date, the financial data of the newly created subsidiary was irrelevant from the Group's point of view, therefore SML Sp. z o.o. was not comprised by consolidation.

Unless indicated otherwise, all amounts were given in thousands of PLN

21. Inventory

Inventory	31/12/2016	31/12/2015
Materials (at the acquisition price)	984	891
Commodities (at the acquisition price)	51 316	51 927
Work in progress (at the cost of manufacture)	43 406	49 260
Finished goods (at the acquisition price / cost of manufacture)	114 404	111 362
Total inventory at the lower of two values: the acquisition price (cost of manufacture) and net realisable value	210 110	213 440

Mortgages to secure existing and future claims and ordinary mortgages to secure credit repayment are established on inventory (land in perpetual usufruct recorded in commodities). Details of securities: see note 27 in additional information.

In 2016 the Group made a revaluation deduction valued 1.732 k PLN, out of which 1.591 k PLN concerns the dispossession of Chmielna Park land. The amount was calculated as a difference between acquisition value and the estimated value of compensation. The remaining value 141 k PLN concerns the written down value of parking spaces in building A and B. In 2015 the Group made a revaluation deduction on the value of parking spaces in buildings A and B at the City Park project in relation to bringing them down to the net selling prices. The amount of the deduction was PLN 284 k. As at 31 December 2016 the total value of parking spaces deduction is 425 k PLN.

Obsolescence allowances on inventory	01/01/2016 -31/12/2016	01/01/2015 -31/12/2015
Obsolescence allowances on inventory as at the beginning of the period	322	38
Obsolescence allowance made	1 732	284
Obsolescence allowance reversed	=	-
Obsolescence allowances on inventory as at the end of the period	2 054	322

Unless indicated otherwise, all amounts were given in thousands of PLN

22. Trade and other receivables

	31/12/2016	31/12/2015
Receivables from related entities	16	10
Trade receivables	16	10
Other receivables	-	-
Receivables from other entities	10 460	13 165
Gross trade receivables	4 363	8 526
State budget receivables other than current income tax	3 090	1 301
Advances on inventory	2 882	1 275
Advances on fixed assets	71	2 054
Advances on intangibles	42	-
Other non-financial liabilities	12	9
Total gross receivables	10 477	13 175
Valuation allowances for receivables	(87)	(265)
Short-term prepayments, including:	307	303
- subscription cost	4	7
- software, domains, licences	52	52
- cost of insurances	136	134
 payments under the remaining lease agreements 	34	6
- rent	8	2
- advertisements	32	37
- other prepaid expenses	41	65
Total receivables (net)	10 697	13 213

The conditions of transactions with related entities are presented in item 31 of additional information.

Trade accounts receivable are not interest-bearing and their time-limit for payment is usually 30 days. Trade and other receivables are valued as at the amortised cost with the application of the effective interest rate, with valuation allowances on receivables taken into account. The book value of receivables is close to their fair value. Trade receivables with the maturity date below 360 days from the date on which they arise are not subject to discounting.

The description of risks relating to trade and other receivables and the Group's policy concerning the management of those risks was presented in item 32.5 of additional information.

Unless indicated otherwise, all amounts were given in thousands of PLN

23. Other financial assets

Other financial assets	31/12/2016	31/12/2015
advances on separate revenue accounts (escrow accounts)*	3 975	7 821
Shares in SML Sp. z o.o.	201	-
Total	4 177	7 821

^{*} applicable to payments made by the customers of INPRO SA and PB Domesta Sp. z o.o on the basis of property development agreements

24. Total cash and cash equivalents

The balance of cash and cash equivalents shown in the consolidated statement of the financial position and in the consolidated cash flow statement consisted of the following items:

Cash	31/12/2016	31/12/2015
Cash at bank and in hand	11 068	8 710
Cash at bank deposits (without overnight deposits)	6 441	18 518
Total cash and cash equivalents	17 509	27 228

	31/12/2016	31/12/2015
Cash in PLN	17 004	27 228
Cash in foreign currency	505	
Total cash and cash equivalents	17 509	27 228

Free cash is accumulated at bank accounts and invested in fixed-time and overnight (o/n) deposits. The Group obtains both variable and fixed interest rates on cash.

Cash at bank accounts bears interest in accordance with variable interest rates, which depend on the interest rate on one day bank deposits. Short-term deposits are made for various periods depending on the current Group's demand for cash. Deposits bear interest in accordance with interest rates fixed for them. The fair value of cash and cash equivalents as at 31 December 2016 is 17,509 k PLN (31/December/2015: 27,228 k PLN).

As at 31 December 2016 the Group had unused credit (working capital credits for property development projects and overdraft facilities) in the amount of 60,059 k PLN (31 December 2015: 51,845 k PLN), which funds will be used as the construction works progress.

Unless indicated otherwise, all amounts were given in thousands of PLN

24.1 Explanation to the cash flow statement for the period 01/01/2016 - 31/12/2016

No.	Item	Change in the period
No.	Item	01/01/2016-31/12/2016
1.	Balance sheet change in provisions	2 341
2.	Change in provisions in the cash flow statement	846
3.	Difference	(1 495)
4.	Explanation of the difference:	(1 495)
-	change in provisions in relation to CIT	(1 495)
1.	Balance sheet change in prepayments	448
2.	Change in prepayments in the cash flow statement	49
3.	Difference	(398)
4.	Explanation of the difference:	(398)
-	change in deferred tax assets	(391)
-	other prepayments – settlement of interest on lease	(7)
1.	Balance sheet change in net long and short-term receivables	2 332
2.	Change in receivables in the cash flow statement	2 510
3.	Difference	177
4.	Explanation of the difference:	177
-	change in receivables in relation to the sale of fixed assets, fixed assets under construction and intangibles	-
-	change in receivables in relation to CIT	177
1.	Balance sheet change in short and long-term liabilities	(29 224)
2.	Change in short-term liabilities in the cash flow statement	(19 903)
3.	Difference	9 321
4.	Explanation of the difference:	9 321
-	change in short and long-term loans and credits	7 804
-	change in liabilities in relation to CIT	626
-	change in liabilities in relation to finance lease	(3 495)
-	change in liabilities in relation to the acquisition of fixed assets, fixed assets under construction and intangibles	541
-	change of advances on separate revenue accounts	3 846

Unless indicated otherwise, all amounts were given in thousands of PLN

Explanation to the cash flow statement for the period 01/01/2016 - 31/12/2016 (continued)

1.	Balance sheet change in inventory	3 330
2.	Change in inventory in the cash flow statement	2 161
3.	Difference	(1 169)
4.	Explanation of the difference:	(1 169)
-	transfer of inventory to fixed assets	(1 169)
1.	Balance sheet change in cash	(9 718)
2.	Change in cash in the cash flow statement	(9 718)

25. Share and other capital

25.1 Share capital

As at:	31/12/2016	31/12/2015
Registered share capital	4 004	4 004

	SHARE CAPITAL AS AT 31/12/2016 IN PLN					
Series	Kind of shares	Kind of privilege on the shares	Kind of restriction of the right to shares	Number of shares	Nominal value of one share in PLN	Value of the series/issue with reference to the nominal value in PLN
А	ordinary	none	none	30 030 000	0.10	3 003 000
В	ordinary	none	none	10 010 000	0.10	1 001 000
	Total					4 004 000

	SHARE CAPITAL AS AT 31/12/2015 IN PLN						
Series	Kind of shares	Kind of privilege on the shares	Kind of restriction of the right to shares	Number of shares	Nominal value of one share in PLN	Value of the series/issue with reference to the nominal value in PLN	
Α	ordinary	none	none	30 030 000	0.10	3 003 000	
В	ordinary	none	none	10 010 000	0.10	1 001 000	
Total			40 040 000		4 004 000		

Unless indicated otherwise, all amounts were given in thousands of PLN

Nominal share value

All the issued shares have the nominal value of PLN 0.10 and were fully paid for.

Shareholders' rights

Series A and B shares have one vote per share. The shares are equally preferred as to the dividend and return from equity.

No changes in the Group's share capital occurred in the financial year.

Changes in the share capital of subsidiaries and the current shareholding structure as at the date of signing these consolidated financial statements were described in detail in note 2 of additional information.

25.2 Supplementary capital

Supplementary capital was created from profits from previous years in conformity with resolutions adopted by the shareholders. Supplementary capital is included in the "retained profit" line item.

25.3 Other capital

The revaluation reserve from financial assets available for sale - not applicable.

The reserve related to exchange gains/losses from the conversion of subordinate units – not applicable.

25.4 Retained profits and restrictions on capital

The statutory financial statements of inBet Sp. z o.o., Dom Zdrojowy Sp. z o.o., P.B. Domesta Sp. z o.o., Hotel Mikołajki Sp. z o.o. and PI ISA Sp. z o.o. are prepared in conformity with Polish accounting standards. A dividend may be paid on the basis of profit fixed in the annual separate financial statements prepared for statutory purposes.

On the basis of § 396 of the Commercial Companies Code, the Parent Entity is obliged to maintain retained profit (the so-called supplementary capital) up to 1/3 of the share capital only for the financing of possible financial losses.

As at 31/12/2016 retained profits exceeded many times the value of that company's share capital while amounting to PLN 235 k.

25.5 Non-controlling shares

Non-controlling shares	01/01/2016 -31/12/2016	01/01/2015 -31/12/2015
As at the beginning of the period	10 880	10 543
Dividend payment	(437)	(345)
Share in the current period's profit or loss	1 630	896
Extension of the Capital Group- acquisition of shares in subsidiary (PI ISA Sp. z o.o.)	-	323
Increase of the share capital in subsidiary- inBet Sp. z o.o.	46	486
Acquisition of new shares in subsidiary- PB Domesta Sp. z o.o.	-	(1 023)
At the end of the period	12 119	10 880

Selected financial information concerning subsidiaries with non-controlling shares as at 31/12/2016 and for the period 1/01/2016-31/12/2016 as well as comparative data was presented in note No. 2.4.

Unless indicated otherwise, all amounts were given in thousands of PLN

26. Provisions

26.1 Change in provisions

01/01/2016 -31/12/2016	Benefits after the employment period	Provision for contentious issues, penalties, fines and damages	Provision for guarantees and sureties given	Other provisions	Total provisions
Status as at the beginning of the period	290	508	423	1 459	2 680
Increase (+)	73	82	201	2 828	3 185
Decrease (-)	(68)	(400)	(423)	(1 448)	(2 339)
Status as at the end of the period	296	190	201	2 839	3 526

01/01/2015 -31/12/2015	Benefits after the employment period	Provision for contentious issues, penalties, fines and damages	Provision for guarantees and sureties given	Other provisions	Total provisions
Status as at the beginning of the period	237	398	329	1 938	2 902
Increase (+)	96	410	94	1 453	2 053
Decrease (-)	(43)	(300)	-	(1 932)	(2 275)
Status as at the end of the period	290	508	423	1 459	2 680

Time structure of provisions	31/12/2016	31/12/2015
Long-term part	296	290
Short-term part	3 230	2 390
Total provisions	3 526	2 680

26.2 Provision for guarantees and sureties given

The balance of relevant provisions as at 31 December 2016 was as follows: PLN 201 k (as at 31 December 2015: PLN 423 k).

26.3 Retirement severance pay

The Group companies pay retiring employees retirement severance pay in the amount set out by the Labour Code.

The companies do not separate assets which could be used to settle the retirement severance pay in the future. The Group companies create a provision for future retirement severance pay liabilities to allocate the costs to the periods concerned.

The provision is revised two times a year- at half-year and at the end of a financial year.

The main assumptions taken by the Group as at the balance sheet date and for the years ended on 31 December 2016 and 31 December 2015 for the calculation of the liability are as follows:

Unless indicated otherwise, all amounts were given in thousands of PLN

	31/12/2016	31/12/2015
Discount rate	2.7	2.5
Estimated salary growth rate	0.00	0.00

There is no employee share ownership plan at the Group companies.

26.4 Other provisions

That item is composed of, among other things, the following provisions:

- for unused vacation leave,
- for the audit of the financial statements,
- for the construction costs invoiced in 2017, concerning premises delivered in 2016.

27. Interest bearing credits, leases and bonds issue

Long-term financial liabilities	31/12/2016	31/12/2015
Loans and credits	35 257	33 363
Liabilities relating to finance lease and lease agreements with a purchase option	3 774	944
Total	39 031	34 307
Short-term financial liabilities	31/12/2016	31/12/2015
Loans and credits	9 398	19 095
Liabilities relating to finance lease and lease agreements with a purchase option	1 058	395
Total	10 456	19 490

As at 31 December 2016 and 31 December 2015, the Group had the following credits and liabilities in relation to lease agreements:

Unless indicated otherwise, all amounts were given in thousands of PLN

Liabilities of the INPRO SA Capital Group in relation to credits as at 31/12/2016

			Credit value	B		Securities – mortgag	e	
Financing party	Credit currency	Credit/limit amount	as at the balance sheet date	Deadline for repayment	Mortgage	Object	Location	Other securities
Alior Bank SA	PLN	4 300	240	06/02/2017	Mortgage up to the sum of PLN 25,075 k	GD1G/00036115/3, GD1G/00068140/0, GD1G/00083407/1 GD1G/00261401/1	Gdańsk, ul. Myśliwska, Gdańsk, ul. Opata Jacka Rybińskiego 8 Gdańsk, al. Jana Pawła II	power of attorney to accounts, silent assignment of claims from the sale agreements regarding single-family houses, stages D and H
Alior Bank SA	PLN	8 200	754	28/04/2017	Mortgage up to the sum of PLN 12,300 k	up to the sum of persetual usufruct Gdańck, ul. Tandota 1		transfer of monetary claims in relation to the sale of premises, power of attorney to accounts, transfer of claims under insurance, notarised power of attorney to sell the premises credited in the case of the lack of payment
Alior Bank SA CDF Gdańsk	PLN	7 500	6 450	31/12/2018	Mortgage up to the sum of PLN 11,250 k	GD1G/00285339/9 (on the share in the perpetual usufruct right and ownership of the building)	Gdańsk, ul. Opacka	power of attorney to accountS
Consortium SGB Bank SA Kaszubski Bank Spółdzielczy in Wejherowo	PLN	8 000	2 118	30/09/2017	Two mortgages- up to the sum of 7,200 k and up to the sum of 4,800 k	and up to GD1Y/00114340/5 Gdańsk, ul. Wielkopo		two blank promissory notes, power of attorney to accounts, assignment of claims from the current account
Consortium SGB Bank SA Bank Spółdzielczy in Tczew Bank Spółdzielczy in Pruszcz Gdański	PLN	6 000	1 818	31/11/2018	Two mortgages up to the sum of PLN 4,500 k each	GD1G/00264763/7, GD1G/00278657/2	Gdańsk, ul. Chmielna	assignment of rights resulting from the insurance policy, two blank promissory notes, a power of attorney to accounts, assignment of claims from the current account

Unless indicated otherwise, all amounts were given in thousands of PLN

Consortium SGB Bank SA Bank Spółdzielczy in Tczew Bank Spółdzielczy in Pruszcz Gdański	PLN	22 000	5 548	31/12/2018	Three mortgages up to the sum of PLN 22,500 k, up to the sum of PLN 2,250k and up to the sum of PLN 9,000 k	GD1G/00049979/1	Gdańsk, ul. Stężycka	assignment of rights resulting from the insurance policy, three blank promissory notes, a power of attorney to accounts, assignment of claims from the current account
Consortium SGB Bank SA Bank Spółdzielczy in Tczew	PLN	7 000	-	28/09/2018	Two mortgages up to the sum of PLN 7,875 k, up to the sum of PLN 2,625 k	GD1Y/00103465/7, GD1Y/00109619/4	Gdynia ul. Fleszarowa - Muskat	two blank promissory notes, a power of attorney to accounts, assignment of claims from the current account
mBank SA	PLN	31 000	3 107	28/09/2018	Mortgage up to the sum of PLN 46,500 k	GD1G/000261213/6	Gdańsk, ul. Opacka	assignment of rights under an insurance policy, blank promissory note
РКО ВР	PLN	36 214	24 577	31/12/2027	Mortgage up to the sum of PLN 54,321 k	OL1M/00025679/2*, OL1M/00026392/3 District Court in Mrągowo	The island and peninsula at Lake Mikołajskie	Inpro's sponsor statement, power of attorney to accounts, transfer of claims under apartment lease agreements, registered pledge on the shares in Hotel Mikołajki, blank promissory note, security assignment, INPRO's civil law surety, INPRO's statement on submission to enforcement in conformity with Article 777 of the Code of Civil Procedure, a statement by Hotel Mikołajki on the submission to enforcement in conformity with Article 777 of the Code of Civil Procedure
Total	Total credit liabilities 44 612							

^{*}this mortgage also comprises land and mortgage registers of the premises segregated from land and mortgage register No. OL1M/00025679/2, that is registers with the following numbers: OL1M/00037334/9, OL1M/00037335/6, OL1M/00037336/3, OL1M/00037337/0, OL1M/00037481/4, OL1M/00037338/7, OL1M/00037339/4

Financias Condit Condit (line		0	Credit value as	Bandling for		Securities		
Financing party	Credit currency	Credit/limit amount	at the balance sheet date	renayment		Object	Location	Other securities
Idea Lesing SA	PLN	55	43	31.08.2021				Registered pledge on the electronic vechicle scales up to PLN 66 k
Total loan li	abilities		43					

Unless indicated otherwise, all amounts were given in thousands of PLN

Open credit lines as at 31/12/2016

Financing	Credit		Credit value as	Deadline for	Securities					
party	currency	Credit/limit amount	at the balance sheet date	repayment	Mortgage	Object	Location	Other securities		
РКО ВР	PLN	16 000	-	21/09/2017	mortgage up to the sum of PLN 15,000 k	GD1G/00068140/0 SR Gdańsk Pn	Gdańsk, ul. Opata Jacka Rybińskiego 8	blank promissory note, assignment of rights under the construction site insurance agreement, claim deduction from bank accounts		
BANK MILLENNIUM SA	PLN	250	-	04/02/2017	mortgage up to the sum of PLN 425 k	GD1G/00082949/5	Gdańsk, ul. Opata Jacka Rybińskiego 8	blank promissory note		
PEKAO S.A.	PLN	1 000	-	31/12/2017	mortgage up to the sum of PLN 2,000 k	sum of PLN KW nr GD1G/00215282/3		blank promissory note		
Total credit lia	Total credit liabilities		-							

Liabilities of the INPRO SA Capital Group in relation to credits as at 31/12/2015

			Credit value as at	Deadline	Securities – r	nortgage		
Financing party	Credit currency	Credit/limit amount	the balance sheet date	for repayment	Mortgage	Object	Location	Other securities
Alior Bank SA	PLN	10 000	179	18/09/2016	Mortgage up to the sum of PLN 15,000 k	GD1G/00260693/7 and on the share in: GD1G/00256721/2, GD1G/00257490/0	Gdańsk, ul. Jasieńska	power of attorney to accounts, power of attorney to accounts and to sell real estate if credit is not repaid, security assignment, silent assignment of claims from preliminary sale agreements
Alior Bank SA	PLN	4 300	1 672	06/02/2017	Mortgage up to the sum of PLN 6,450 k	GD1G/00261401/1	Gdańsk, al. Rzeczpospolitej	power of attorney to accounts, silent assignment of claims from the sale agreements regarding single-family houses, stages D and H
Alior Bank SA	PLN	8 200	2 389	28/04/2017	Mortgage up to the sum of PLN 12,300 k	GD1G/00084697/7 (on the share in the perpetual usufruct right and ownership of the building)	Gdańsk, ul. Tandeta 1	transfer of monetary claims in relation to the sale of premises, power of attorney to accounts, transfer of claims under insurance, notarised power of attorney to sell the premises credited in the case of the lack of payment

Unless indicated otherwise, all amounts were given in thousands of PLN

Alior Bank SA CDF Gdańsk	PLN	5 473	-	10/06/2018	Mortgage up to the sum of PLN 8,210 k	GD1G/00087942/1	Gdańsk, ul. Olsztyńska 1A	unconfirmed transfer of cash claims in relation to sale agreements for premises being credited, power of attorney to accounts, confirmed transfer of a cash claim under real property insurance, power of attorney for the bank to sell the premises credited in the case of the lack of payment
Consortium SGB Bank SA BS in Tczew	PLN	11 000	1 428	30/09/2016	Two mortgages up to the sum of PLN 9,350 k each	GD1G/00268665/8	Gdańsk, ul. Jasieńska	security assignment, 2 blank promissory notes, power of attorney to accounts, assignment of rights from claims from the current account
Consortium SGB Bank SA Kaszubski Bank Spółdzielczy in Wejherowo	PLN	8 000	4 941	30/09/2017	Two mortgages- up to the sum of 7,200 k and up to the sum of 4,800 k	GD1Y/00114340/5	Gdańsk, ul. Wielkopolska	two blank promissory notes, power of attorney to accounts, assignment of claims from the current account
Consortium SGB Bank SA Bank Spółdzielczy in Tczew	PLN	5 000	4 900	31/12/2016	Two mortgages- up to the sum of PLN 7,000 k, and up to the sum of PLN 3,000 k	GD1G/00268666/5	Gdańsk, ul. Jasieńska	assignment of rights resulting from the insurance policy, two blank promissory notes, a power of attorney to accounts, assignment of claims from the current account
Consortium SGB Bank SA Bank Spółdzielczy in Pruszcz Gdański	PLN	5 000	3 226	31/12/2016	Two mortgages up to the sum of PLN 5,000 k each	GD1G/00268666/5	Gdańsk, ul. Jasieńska	assignment of rights resulting from the insurance policy, two blank promissory notes, a power of attorney to accounts, assignment of claims from the current account
mBank SA	PLN	34 600	6 932	29/12/2017	Mortgage up to the sum of PLN 51,900 k	GD1G/00065617/4	Gdańsk, ul. Szczecińska	assignment of rights under an insurance policy, blank promissory note, statement on submission to enforcement
mBank SA	PLN	24 300	1	29/12/2017	Mortgage up to the sum of PLN 36,450 k	GD1G/00064314/3	Gdańsk, ul. Chmielna	assignment of rights under an insurance policy, blank promissory note
РКО ВР	PLN	36 214	26 791	31/12/2027	Mortgage up to the sum of PLN 54,321 k	OL1M/00025679/2 *, OL1M/00026392/3 District Court in Mrągowo	The island and peninsula at Lake Mikołajskie	Inpro's sponsor statement, power of attorney to accounts, transfer of claims under apartment lease agreements, registered pledge on the shares in Hotel Mikołajki, blank promissory note, security assignment, INPRO's civil law surety, INPRO's statement on submission to enforcement in conformity with Article 777 of the Code of Civil Procedure, a statement by Hotel Mikołajki on the submission to enforcement in conformity with Article 777 of the Code of Civil Procedure
Total o	redit liabi	lities	52 458					

Unless indicated otherwise, all amounts were given in thousands of PLN

Open credit lines as at 31/12/2015

Financing	Credit	Credit/limit	Credit value as at the	Deadline		S	Securities	
party	party currency		balance sheet date	for repayment	Mortgage	Object	Location	Other securities
РКО ВР	PLN	10 000	-	02/12/2016	mortgage up to the sum of PLN 15,000 k	GD1G/00068140/0 SR Gdańsk Pn	Gdańsk, ul. Opata Jacka Rybińskiego 8	blank promissory note, assignment of rights under the construction site insurance agreement, claim deduction from bank accounts
BANK MILLENNIUM SA	PLN	250	-	04/02/2016	mortgage up to the sum of PLN 425 k	GD1G/00082949/5	Gdańsk, ul. Opata Jacka Rybińskiego 8	blank promissory note
PEKAO S.A.	PLN	1 000	-	31/12/2016	mortgage up to the sum of PLN 2,000 k	KW nr GD1G/00215282/3	Gdańsk Jasień, 251/6	blank promissory note
			-					

Capital Group in relation to lease agreements as at 31/12/2016

Financing party	Object of the agreement	Agreement number	Initial value in thousands of PLN	Date of termination of the agreement	Liability as at the end of the period	Short-term part	Long-term part
Inpro SA							
Caterpillar Financial Service Poland Sp. z o.o.	428 F digger- loader	OL-026954	294	2019/03/05	147	66	81
Domesta Sp. z o.o.							
Raiffeisen Leasing Polska S.A.	SUBARU	15/011787(UL)	104	2018/05/31	48	33	16
VOLKSWAGEN LEASING GMBH SP. Z O.O.	SKODA	6706907-1216-06621	47	2019/05/31	35	14	21

^{*} the mortgage also comprises land and mortgage registers for the premises segregated from land and mortgage register No. OL1M/00025679/2, i.e. the registers with the following numbers: OL1M/00037334/9, OL1M/00037335/6, OL1M/00037336/3, OL1M/00037337/0, OL1M/00037338/7, OL1M/00037339/4

Unless indicated otherwise, all amounts were given in thousands of PLN

mLeasing Sp. z o.o.	intermodal conainers	0131172016/GD/236559	411	2021/12/15	281	40	241
mLeasing Sp. z o.o.	POTAIN tower crane	0131172016/GD/236559	462	2021/12/15	259	36	222
Hotel Mikołajki Sp. z o.o.							
PKO leasing SA	Recycling machine	B/O/WA/2014/11/46	157	2018/11/15	83	20	63
Dom Zdrojowy Sp. z o.o.							
VOLKSWAGEN	Skoda Superb	6922827-1215-5480	100	2018/04/30	31	28	3
PSA Finance	CITROEN C4 Cactus	9400876372.	48	2018/05/25	18	15	3
PSA Finance	CITROEN Berlingo VAN	9400876382.	45	2018/05/25	20	14	6
inBet Sp. z o.o.							
RCI Leasing Polska Spółka z o.o.	Nissan Micra ACENTA	9000002616	33	2019/02/05	15	7	8
SG Equipment Leasing Polska Sp.z o.o.	JCB 411HT front- end loader	50399	251	2022/05/01	185	27	158
SG Equipment Leasing Polska Sp.z o.o.	JCB SC240 sweeper	20449	23	2018/05/05	10	7	3
SG Equipment Leasing Polska Sp.z o.o.	Aggregate transport line	50448	98	2022/08/05	75	10	65
RCI Leasing Polska Spółka z o.o.	Nissan Micra ACENTA	9000003077	32	2019/08/17	17	6	11
BGŻ NP Paribas Spółka Akcyjna	ALUP compressor + drier	62597/12/2015	55	2019/11/30	42	9	33

Unless indicated otherwise, all amounts were given in thousands of PLN

Idea Leasing Spółka z o.o. Sp.k.	EURA 16/9 bending machine	19398/SK	841	2020/11/13	394	63	331
Pekao Leasing Sp.z o.o.	Production line	38/0211/15	5 178	2021/04/12	2 912	611	2 301
Idea Leasing S.A.	Flight of stairs production form	116377	114	2021/05/31	81	18	63
Idea Leasing S.A.	Flight of stairs production form	116378	114	2021/05/31	81	18	63
Pekao Leasing Sp.z o.o.	Toyota Avensis	38/0514/16	103	2021/09/12	99	16	84
	4 833	1 058	3 774				

Capital Group in relation to lease agreements as at 31/12/2015

Financing party	Object of the agreement	Agreement number	Initial value in thousands of PLN	Date of termination of the agreement	Liability as at the end of the period	Short-term part	Long-term part
Inpro SA							
BGŻ Leasing Spółka z o.o.	Two Liebherr 71 EC-B 5 tower cranes	3859/10/BG	464	2015/12/15	1	1	-
Caterpillar Financial Service Poland Sp. z o.o.	428 F digger- loader	OL-026954	242	2016/08/31	48	48	-
Domesta Sp. z o.o.							
Volkswagen Leasing Gbmh Sp. z o.o.	AUDI Q5	6706907-1214-07329	213	2016/09/30	79	79	ī
Raiffeisen Leasing Polska S.A.	SUBARU	15/011787(UL)	104	2018/05/31	84	34	50
Hotel Mikołajki Sp. z o.o.							

Unless indicated otherwise, all amounts were given in thousands of PLN

PKO leasing SA	CITROEN C5	B/O/OL/2013/02/0008	92	2016/02/15	3	3	-		
PKO leasing SA	CITROEN JUMPER	L/O/OL/2013/05/0009	77	2016/07/15	13	13	-		
PKO leasing SA	Recycling machine	B/O/WA/2014/11/46	157	2018/11/15	102	19	83		
PKO leasing SA	Two Melex vehicles	B/O/OL/2013/08/0003	72	2016/08/15	16	16	-		
Dom Zdrojowy Sp. z o.o.									
VOLKSWAGEN	Skoda Superb	6922827-1215-5480	100	2018/04/30	63	28	35		
PSA Finance	CITROEN C4 Cactus	9400876372.	48	2018/05/25	33	14	19		
PSA Finance	CITROEN Berlingo VAN	9400876382.	45	2018/05/25	33	13	20		
inBet Sp. z o.o.									
RCI Leasing Polska Spółka z o.o.	Nissan Micra ACENTA	9000002616	33	2019/02/05	21	6	15		
SG Equipment Leasing Polska Sp.z o.o.	JCB 411HT front- end loader	50399	226	2022/05/01	211	26	185		
SG Equipment Leasing Polska Sp.z o.o.	JCB SC240 sweeper	20449	23	2018/05/05	17	7	10		
SG Equipment Leasing Polska Sp.z o.o.	Aggregate transport line	50448	98	2022	85	10	75		
RCI Leasing Polska Spółka z o.o.	Nissan Micra ACENTA	9000003077	32	2019/08/17	23	6	17		

Unless indicated otherwise, all amounts were given in thousands of PLN

BGŻ NP Paribas Spółka Akcyjna	ALUP compressor + drier	62597/12/2015	55	2019/11/30	50	9	41
Idea Leasing Spółka z o.o. Sp.k.	EURA 16/9 bending machine	19398/SK	841	2020/11/13	457	63	394
	1 339	395	944				

Unless indicated otherwise, all amounts were given in thousands of $\ensuremath{\mathsf{PLN}}$

Minimum future lease payments in relation to those agreements are as follows:

Nominal value of minimum lease payments	31/12/2016	31/12/2015
Within 1 year	1 058	395
Within 1 to 3 years	2 264	463
Within 3 to 5 years	1 457	382
More than 5 years	54	99
Total liabilities relating to finance lease - minimum total lease payments	4 833	1 339

28. Trade and other liabilities

Long-term liabilities	31/12/2016	31/12/2015
Towards related entities	-	-
trade liabilities	-	-
Towards other entities	1 650	2 256
trade liabilities	1 637	1 756
other liabilities	13	500
Total trade and other long-term liabilities	1 650	2 256
Short-term liabilities	31/12/2016	31/12/2015
Towards related entities	55	24
trade liabilities	55	24
Towards other entities	52 421	76 137
trade liabilities	13 257	32 849
payroll payable	893	863
state budget liabilities other than current income tax	1 628	1 421
advances received	36 027	40 490
other liabilities	618	514
Total trade and other short -term liabilities	52 477	76 161
Total trade and other liabilities	54 127	78 417

Unless indicated otherwise, all amounts were given in thousands of PLN

The conditions of transactions with related entities are presented in item 31 of additional information.

Trade liabilities are not interest-bearing and are usually settled within 30-day periods.

Other liabilities are not interest-bearing and their average payment term is usually 1 month.

The amount following from the difference between value added tax receivable and payable is paid to the competent tax authorities in the required periods.

29. Contingent liabilities and receivables

29.1 Contingent liabilities

Continent liabilities	31/12/2016	31/12/2015
Liabilities in relation to bank guarantees granted mainly as a security on the performance of trade agreements	0	68
Total contingent liabilities	0	68

The above contingent liability is constituted by a bank guarantee granted by Bank Millennium to a third party entity thus constituting a performance security for the works by PI ISA Sp. z o.o. Guarantee expiry date: 14.01.2016 r.

Contingent liabilities within the Group were excluded in the consolidation process. Their schedule with description is included in the separate financial statements of INPRO SA.

29.2 Contingent receivables

Contingent receivables	31/12/2016	31/12/2015
Guarantees received	381	379
Total contingent receivables	381	379

29.3 Planned capital expenditure

The Group's capital expenditure planned for 2016 is approximately PLN 2,200 k and are mainly related to the planned extension and modernisation of plant in inBet Sp. z o.o

29.4 Court cases

The Group was not a party to significant court proceedings as at 31 December 2016.

29.5 Tax settlements

Tax settlements and other areas of activity subject to the regulations (e.g. customs or foreign currency matters) may be inspected by administrative bodies authorised to impose high penalties and other sanctions. The lack of reference to established legal provisions in Poland causes ambiguities and inconsistencies in the binding legal provisions. Frequent differences in opinions about the legal interpretation of tax provisions both within state bodies and between them and enterprises cause the rise of uncertainty and conflict areas. Those phenomena cause the tax risk in Poland to be significantly higher than that existing in countries with a more developed tax system.

Tax settlements may be the subject to inspection for a five year period from the end of a year in which tax was paid. As a result of inspections, the Group's previous tax settlements may be increased by additional tax liabilities.

Unless indicated otherwise, all amounts were given in thousands of PLN

30. Securities established on Group's assets

Securities established on Group's assets as at 31/12/2016 and as at 31/12/2015:

	31/12/2016	31/12/2015
- on fixed assets	86 906	76 746
- on current assets	155 275	136 350
Total	242 181	213 096

Securities established by Group companies as at 31/12/2016

Securities established on fixed assets:

- **1.** A joint contractual real estate mortgage in the amount of PLN 54,321 k established on real estate situated in Mikołajki (land and mortgage registers No. OL1M/00026392/3 and KW OL1M/00025679/2) for Powszechna Kasa Oszczędności Bank Polski S.A. the Regional Corporate Branch Office in Gdańsk, in relation to credit granted to Hotel Mikołajki Sp. z o.o.
- **2.** Inbet Sp.z o.o.— a joint contractual real estate mortgage up to 5 million PLN on real estate covered by land and mortgage registers Nos. GD1G/00099866/1, GD1G/00093764/4, GD1G/00089506/7, GD1G/0009082, GD1G/00091255/9, GD1G/00091429/0 for PEKAO Leasing Sp. z o.o. as a security of operating lease agreement No. 38/0211/15 of 24 June 2015.
- **3.** A mortgage up to PLN 2,000 k established on plot No. 186/2 located in Gdańsk Jasień ul. Cementowa 5-9-land and mortgage register No. GD1G/00072944/7, for PEKAO SA to secure overdraft facility granted to PB DOMESTA Sp. z o.o.
- **4.** Mortgage up to PLN 510 k on real estate located in Gdańsk, ul. Opata Jacka Rybińskiego 8, land and mortgage register No. GD1G/00082949/5, constituting security for an overdraft facility obtained by PI ISA Sp. z
- 5. Registered pledges on the shares of INPRO in Hotel Mikołajki Sp. z o.o. described in detail in note No. 2.3
- **6.** Contractual mortgage up to PLN 25,075 k in favour of PKO BP on the share of INPRO S.A. in the amount of 5799/10000 parts in the perpetual usufruct right to the real estate situated in Gdańsk, Opata Jacka Rybińskiego street

Securities established on current assets:

This concerns legal securities established on current assets.

The schedule of mortgages established on current assets as at 31 December 2016 in the total amount of PLN $155.275 \, k$ is included in note No. 27 of additional information.

Securities established by Group companies as at 31/12/2015

Securities established on fixed assets:

- **1.** A joint contractual real estate mortgage in the amount of PLN 54,321 k established on real estate situated in Mikołajki (land and mortgage registers No. OL1M/00026392/3 and KW OL1M/00025679/2) for Powszechna Kasa Oszczędności Bank Polski S.A. the Regional Corporate Branch Office in Gdańsk, in relation to credit granted to Hotel Mikołajki Sp. z o.o.
- **2.** Inbet Sp.z o.o.— a joint contractual real estate mortgage up to 5 million PLN on real estate covered by land and mortgage registers Nos. GD1G/00099866/1, GD1G/00093764/4, GD1G/00089506/7, GD1G/00090982, GD1G/00091255/9, GD1G/00091429/0 for PEKAO Leasing Sp. z o.o. as a security of operating lease agreement No. 38/0211/15 of 24 June 2015.

Unless indicated otherwise, all amounts were given in thousands of PLN

- **3.** A mortgage up to PLN 2,000 k established on plot No. 186/2 located in Gdańsk Jasień ul. Cementowa 5-9-land and mortgage register No. GD1G/00072944/7, for PEKAO SA to secure overdraft facility granted to PB DOMESTA Sp. z o.o.
- **4.** Mortgage up to PLN 425 k on real estate located in Gdańsk, ul. Opata Jacka Rybińskiego 8, land and mortgage register No. GD1G/00082949/5, constituting security for an overdraft facility obtained by PI ISA Sp. z o.o.
- 5. Registered pledges on the shares of INPRO in Hotel Mikołajki Sp. z o.o. described in detail in note No. 2.3
- **6.** Contractual mortgage up to PLN 15,000 k in favour of PKO BP on the share of INPRO S.A. in the amount of 5799/10000 parts in the perpetual usufruct right to the real estate situated in Gdańsk, Opata Jacka Rybińskiego street(legal security for the repayment of the revolving working capital overdraft)

Securities established on current assets:

This concerns legal securities established on current assets.

The schedule of mortgages established on current assets as at 31 December 2015 in the total amount of PLN 136,350 k is included in note No. 27 of additional information.

31. Information on transactions between related entities

31.1 Transactions with related entities

Transactions between the Company (INPRO SA) and its subsidiaries and between subsidiaries which are related entities were excluded in the process of consolidation, so they are not presented in this note.

Information about transactions between the Parent Entity and its subsidiaries was presented in selected financial statements of INPRO SA.

Information about transactions between the Group and other related entities is presented below.

							D	EBTOR					
			r	elated ei	ntities (fu	ıll consoli	dation)		other	related en	tities		
RE	CEIVAB	ORT-TERM LES/LIABILITIES 1/12/2016	Inpro SA	inBet Sp. z o.o.	Dom Zdrojowy Sp. z o.o.	P.B. Domesta Sp. z o.o.	Hotel Mikołajki Sp. z o.o.	Isa Sp. z o.o.	Hotel Oliwski Sp. z o.o.	SML Sp. z o.o.	Członkowie Zarządu		
		Inpro SA							-	1	-		
	olidation)	inBet Sp. z o.o.				-	-	-					
	related entities (full consolidation)	Dom Zdrojowy Sp. z o.o.	_			-	-	15					
		P.B. Domesta Sp. z o.o.	Exc	Excluded in the process of consolidation									
		Hotel Mikołajki Sp. z o.o.	-								-		
CREDITOR	č	Isa Sp. z o.o.											
CREI	TOTAL entities	for related						-			16		
	D.	Hotel Oliwski Sp. z o.o.	-	-	-	-	-	-					
	other related entities	SML Sp. z o.o.											
		Członkowie Zarządu	-	-	28	-	27	-					
TOTAL for other related entities								55			-		

							DEBTOR									
				related	entities (f	full consol	dation)		other related entities							
RE	CEIV	ONG-TERM ABLES/LIABILITI t 31/12/2016	Inpro SA	inBet Sp. z o.o.	Dom Zdrojowy Sp. z o.o.	P.B. Domesta Sp. z o.o.	Hotel Mikołajki Sp. z o.o.	Isa Sp. z o.o.	Hotel Oliwski Sp. z o.o.	SML Sp. z o.o.	Członkowie Zarządu					
		Inpro SA							-	-	-					
	olidation)	inBet Sp. z o.o.														
	related entities (full consolidation)	Dom Zdrojowy Sp. z o.o.		=xcluded i	-	-										
		P.B. Domesta Sp. z o.o.		Excluded in the process of consolidation												
		Hotel Mikołajki Sp. z o.o.														
CREDITOR	_	Isa Sp. z o.o.														
CRE	TOT	AL for related ies									-					
	pe	Hotel Oliwski Sp. z o.o.	-	-	-	-	-	-								
	other related entities	SML Sp. z o.o.														
	0	Członkowie Zarządu	-	-	-	-	-	_								
		AL for other red entities									-					

							BUYER							
	-> / > 11	F0 / 000T0		related	entities (full conso	olidation)		other related entities					
Ri	01/0	ES / COSTS 01/2016- 12/2016	Inpro SA	inBet Sp. z o.o.	Dom Zdrojowy Sp. z o.o.	P.B. Domesta Sp. z o.o.	Hotel Mikołajki Sp. z o.o.	Isa Sp. z o.o.	Hotel Oliwski Sp. z o.o.	SML Sp. z o.o.	Członkowie Zarządu			
		Inpro SA							-	5	324			
		inBet Sp. z o.o.							-	ı	-			
	related entities	Dom Zdrojowy Sp. z o.o.	2 Transactions				Transactions							
		P.B. Domesta Sp. z o.o.	€	excluded in	the prod	-	-	-						
		Hotel Mikołajki Sp. z o.o.				-	-	5						
SELLER		Isa Sp. z o.o.				-	-	-						
	TOTA entiti	L for related es						-			620			
	ntities	Hotel Oliwski Sp. z o.o.	-	-	-	-		-						
	other related entities	SML Sp. z o.o.												
	other	Członkowie Zarządu	-	-	258	-	156	-						
		L for other ed entities						414			-			

Unless indicated otherwise, all amounts were given in thousands of $\ensuremath{\mathsf{PLN}}$

COMPARATIVE DATA:

						DE	BTOR			
				relate	d entities (full consoli	dation)		other related entities	
RI	ECEIVAE	ORT-TERM BLES/LIABILITIES 31/12/2015	Inpro SA	inBet Sp. z o.o.	Dom Zdrojowy Sp. z o.o.	P.B. Domesta Sp. z o.o.	Hotel Mikołajki Sp. z o.o.	Isa Sp. z o.o.	Hotel Oliwski Sp. z o.o.	Members of the Management Board
		Inpro SA							-	-
	related entities (full consolidation)	inBet Sp. z o.o.			-	-				
		Dom Zdrojowy Sp. z o.o.		Evaludad	1	10				
		P.B. Domesta Sp. z o.o.	Excluded in the process of consolidation						-	-
OR	elated er	Hotel Mikołajki Sp. z o.o.			1	-				
CREDITOR	2	Isa Sp. z o.o.			-	-				
	TOTAL entities	for related						1		10
	other related entities	Hotel Oliwski Sp. z o.o.	-	-	-	-	-	-		
	other	Members of the Management Board	-	-	18	-	6	-		
	TOTAL	for other related						24		-

						DEB	TOR					
		0110 TEDM		related	d entities (1	full consoli	dation)		other related entities			
RE	CEIVA	ONG-TERM BLES/LIABILITIES 31/12/2015	Inpro SA	inBet Sp. z o.o.	Hotel Oliwski Sp. z o.o.	Members of the Management Board						
		Inpro SA							-	-		
		inBet Sp. z o.o.			-	-						
	Dom Zdrojowy Sp. z o.o. P.B. Domesta Sp. z o.o.		Excluded	-	-							
	related	P.B. Domesta Sp. z o.o.			-	-						
-OR		Hotel Mikołajki Sp. z o.o.										
CREDITOR		Isa Sp. z o.o.			-	-						
	TOTA entiti	AL for related ies						1		-		
	other related entities	Hotel Oliwski Sp. z o.o.	-	-	-	-	-	1				
	other ent	Members of the Management Board	-	-	-	-	1	-				
		AL for other ed entities						-		-		

Unless indicated otherwise, all amounts were given in thousands of PLN

							BU	JYER				
				related	dentities	- full con	solidation		ot	her relate	ed entitie	S
REVENUES / COSTS 01/01/2015- 31/12/2015			Inpro SA	inBet Sp. z o.o.	Dom Zdrojowy Sp. z o.o.	P.B. Domesta Sp. z o.o.	Hotel Mikołajki Sp. z o.o.	Isa Sp. z o.o. (01.07.2015- 31.12.2015)	Isa Sp. z o.o. (01.01.2015- 30.06.2015)	Hotel Oliwski Sp. z o.o.	Inpro Management Sp. z o.o	Members of the Management Board
		Inpro SA							36	-	1	293
		inBet Sp. z o.o.							-	-	-	-
	entities	Dom Zdrojowy Sp. z o.o.			Transactions in the process of consolidation				-	-	-	103
	related entities	P.B. Domesta Sp. z o.o.	е	xcluded					-	-	-	-
		Hotel Mikołajki Sp. z o.o.							-	-	-	41
ER.		Isa Sp. z o.o. (01.07.2015- 31.12.2015)								-	-	-
SELLER		TAL for ated entities										474
	S	Isa Sp. z o.o. (01.01.2015- 30.06.2015)	3 016	-	-	237	-					
	ed entitie	Hotel Oliwski D Sp. z o.o.		-	-							
	other relate	Inpro Management s.c.	1 426	-	-	-	-	-				
	ot	Members of the Management Board	-	-	228	-	177	-				
	TOTAL for other related entities 5 092								-			

31.2 Conditions of transactions with related entities

Transactions with related entities are effected on terms and conditions equivalent to those binding in transactions with other entities.

Unless indicated otherwise, all amounts were given in thousands of PLN

31.3 Remuneration of the Group's senior management

The remuneration of the senior management comprises:

The remuneration paid to the senior management (with surcharges) comprises:	01/01/2016- 31/12/2016	01/01/2015 - 31/12/2015
The Management Board of the Parent Entity*	2 050	2 476
Short-term employee benefits Retirement severance pay	2 050	2 476
Benefits related to employment relationship termination		
The Management Board of subsidiaries	1 736	1 260
Short-term employee benefits	1 736	1 260
Retirement severance pay		
Benefits related to employment relationship termination		
The Supervisory Board of the Parent Entity	93	108
Short-term employee benefits	93	108
Retirement severance pay		
Benefits related to employment relationship termination		
The Supervisory Board of subsidiaries	287	250
Short-term employee benefits	287	250
Retirement severance pay		
Benefits related to employment relationship termination		
Other senior management	3 063	2 725
Short-term employee benefits	3 061	2 716
Retirement severance pay	=	9
Benefits related to employment relationship termination	2	
Total	7 229	6 819

32. Purposes and objectives of financial risk management

The main financial instruments used by the Group include bank loans, finance lease agreements, lease agreements with a purchase option, issued bonds, cash and short-term deposits. The main purpose of those financial instruments is to obtain funds for the Group's activity. The Group also has other financial instruments such as trade receivables and liabilities which arise directly in the course of its activity.

The main kinds of risk arising from the Group's financial instruments comprise the interest rate, liquidity and credit risks. The Management Board reviews and agrees the principles of managing each of those kinds of risk. Those principles were briefly discussed below.

32.1 Interest rate risk

The Group has credit liabilities for which interest is computed on the basis of a variable interest rate, in relation to which there is a risk of the increase of those rates against the time when the agreement was entered into. Moreover, the Group invests free cash in investments bearing variable interest, in which case the profits from

Unless indicated otherwise, all amounts were given in thousands of PLN

investments decrease if interest rates fall down. Information on assets and liabilities exposed to the interest rate risk was presented in the notes below.

In view of the fact that the Group had both assets and liabilities bearing variable interest (a fact which balanced the risk) in the reporting period and of insignificant fluctuations of interest rates in the past periods, as well as in view of no foreseeable sudden interest rate changes in the next reporting periods, the Group did not use interest rate hedging because it considered the interest rate risk not to be significant.

Irrespective of the present situation, the Group monitors the interest rate risk exposure and the forecast interest rates and does not exclude hedging activities in the future.

The table below shows the balance sheet value of the Group's financial instruments exposed to the interest rate risk broken down to various age categories.

	01/01/20	16-31/12/201	16		
Fixed interest rate	<1 year	1-3 years	3-5 years	>5 years	Total
Cash assets	6 441	-	-	-	6 441
Liabilities relating to finance lease and lease agreements with a purchase option	(1 058)	(2 264)	(1 457)	(54)	(4 833)
Total	5 383	(2 264)	(1 457)	(54)	1 608
Variable interest rate	<1 year	1-3 years	3-5 years	>5 years	Total
Cash assets	11 068	-	-	-	11 068
Short term financial assets	3 975	-	-	-	3 975
Bank credits	(9 398)	(17 467)	(4 543)	(13 246)	(44 654)
Total	5 645	(17 467)	(4 543)	(13 246)	(29 611)

	01/01/2015 - 31/12/2015						
Fixed interest rate	<1 year	1-3 years	3-5 years	>5 years	Total		
Cash assets	18 518	-	-	-	18 518		
Liabilities relating to finance lease and lease agreements with a purchase option	(395)	(463)	(382)	(99)	(1 339)		
Total	18 123	(463)	(382)	(99)	17 179		
	_			_			
Variable interest rate	<1 year	1-3 years	3-5 years	>5 years	Total		
Cash assets	8 710	-	-	-	8 710		
Short term financial assets	7 821	-	-	-	7 821		
Bank credits	(19 095)	(13 371)	(4 533)	(15 459)	(52 458)		
Total	(2 564)	(13 371)	(4 533)	(15 459)	(35 927)		

The interest rate on variable interest rate financial instruments is updated in periods below one year. Interest on fixed interest financial instruments is fixed throughout the period to the maturity of those instruments. The

Unless indicated otherwise, all amounts were given in thousands of PLN

Group's other financial instruments not covered in the tables above do not bear interest and are therefore not subject to the interest rate risk.

32.2 Foreign currency risk

The Group is not exposed to the currency conversion rate risk because of insignificant sales of products in a foreign currency and because of the coverage of the majority of the costs of production in the national currency. Moreover, all the Group's credits, loans and deposits are denominated in the national currency. The currency risk is insignificant.

As at the balance sheet date receivables in foreign currency were PLN 156 k. No receivables in foreign currencies occurred as at 31/12/2015.

As at the balance sheet date payables in foreign currency were PLN 288 k. The Group had no foreign currency liabilities as at 31/12/2015.

32.3 Other price risk

The Company is not exposed to another significant price risk related to financial instruments, there is, however, a price risk related to the prices of both the Company's products and of the materials. The Company's products and raw materials are not commonly offered on commodity exchanges, a fact which prevents the implementation of hedging strategies.

32.4 Market risk sensitivity analysis

The potentially possible changes concerning the market risk were assessed by the Company as follows:

1.0% change of the PLN interest rate (an increase or decrease of that rate),

The above figures were determined on the annual basis.

The sensitivity analysis conducted by the Group does not take the impact of taxation into account.

The influence of potentially possible changes on the Company's accounting profit and capital is presented in the table below:

31/12/2016

			Interest rate risk			Foreign cu	Foreign currency risk	
Item in the financial	value of the	impact on the result		impact on the capital		impact on the result		
statements	item	+ 100	- 100	+ 100	- 100	+ 100	- 100	
		base points	base points	base points	base points	base points	base points	
Bank deposits	9 379	94	(94)	-	-	-	-	
Credits incurred	44 654	(447)	447	-	-	-	-	
Total increase / (decrease) income tax	before	(353)	353	ı	-	-	-	
Income tax		67	(67)					
Total increase / (decrease) after income tax		(286)	286					

Unless indicated otherwise, all amounts were given in thousands of PLN

31/12/2015

			Interest	rate risk		Foreign cu	rrency risk
Item in the financial	value of the	impact on the result		impact on the capital		impact on the result	
statements	item	+ 100	- 100	+ 100	- 100	+ 100	- 100
		base points	base points	base points	base points	base points	base points
Bank deposits	13 114	131	(131)	-	-	-	-
Credits incurred	52 458	(525)	525	-	-	-	-
Total increase / (decrease) income tax	before	(394)	394	1	-	-	-
Income tax		75	(75)				
Total increase / (decrease) after income tax		(319)	319				

1. Bank deposits

31/12/2016

These comprise short-term deposits (with variable interest - overnight, deposits on escrow accounts) in the amount of PLN 9.379~k.

Sensitivity to change by +/- 100 base points of market percentage rates in PLN +/-[PLN 9,379 k \times 100pb]= PLN 94 k

31/12/2015

These comprise short-term deposits (with variable interest - overnight, deposits on escrow accounts) in the amount of PLN $13,114\ k$

Sensitivity to change by +/- 100 base points of market percentage rates in PLN +/-[PLN 13,114 k \times 100pb]= PLN 131 k

2. Bonds

31/12/2016

None

31/12/2015

None

3. Bank Loans

31/12/2016

Variable interest credit in the amount of PLN 44,654 k Sensitivity to change by +/- 100 base points of market percentage rates in PLN +/-[PLN 52,458 k x 100 base points/] = PLN 447 k

31/12/2015

Variable interest credit in the amount of PLN 52,458 k Sensitivity to change by +/- 100 base points of market percentage rates in PLN +/-[PLN 52,458 k x 100 base points/] = PLN 525 k

Unless indicated otherwise, all amounts were given in thousands of PLN

32.5 Credit risk

The Company is exposed to credit risk understood as the risk of the creditors failing to meet their obligations and thus causing the Group to suffer losses. The maximum exposure to credit risk as at the balance sheet date is PLN 4,292 k (as at 31 December 2015: PLN 8,271 k) and was estimated as the balance sheet value of receivables (note 22 – gross trade receivables adjusted with revaluation deductions)

01/0	01/2016-31/12	Unimpaired overdue receivables					
Age structure of financial receivables Nominal value of receivables		Unimpaired overdue receivables	<30 days	31-90 days	91-180 days	181-360 days	>365 days
Trade receivables	4 292	957	508	450	1 186	1 161	30

01/0	01/2015-31/12	Unimpaired overdue receivables					
Age structure of financial receivables	Nominal value of receivables			31-90 days	91-180 days	181-360 days	>365 days
Trade receivables	8 271	7 469	235	37	98		432

In the opinion of the Company's Management Board, no significant concentration of the credit risk occurs because the Company has many customers. The Company takes steps aiming the limitation of the credit risk, such steps consisting in: checking the customers' credit rating, fixing credit limits, monitoring the customers' situation, obtaining securities (promissory notes, letters of credit, sureties and securities on movable property and real estate). Receivables were not secured as at 31/12/2016.

In view of the above, in the opinion of the Company's Management Board, the credit risk was covered in the financial statements by way of creation of valuation allowances.

Revaluation deductions in relation to credit losses	01/01/2016 -31/12/2016	01/01/2015 -31/12/2015
Status as at 1 January	265	321
Increases	39	17
Decrease	(217)	(73)
Status as at 31 December	87	265

Credit risk related to bank deposits, derivative instruments and other investments is considered insignificant because the Company effected transactions with companies with an established financial position.

There is no significant concentration of the credit risk in the Group.

32.6 Liquidity risk

The Group is exposed to liquidity loss risk understood as the risk of losing the capacity to pay liabilities within the specified time limits. The risk stems from the potential restriction of access to financial markets, which may

Unless indicated otherwise, all amounts were given in thousands of PLN

result in the lack of an opportunity to obtain new finance or to refinance its debt. In the opinion of the Company's Management Board, the safe amount of cash as at the balance sheet date (note 24) available credit lines (note 27) and the Company's good financial condition cause that the liquidity loss risk should be assessed as slight.

Cash at bank and in hand (rating grade by EuroRating):

Item in the financial statements	31/12/2016	31/12/2015
cash at bank and in hand	17 509	27 228
Other short-term financial assets (advances on separate revenue accounts)	3 975	7 821
Total	21 484	35 049

Rating grade	31/12/2016	31/12/2015
Bank with rating grade A-	7 722	26 786
Bank with rating grade BBB	1 676	7 735
Bank with rating grade BB+	10 398	169
Bank with rating grade BB-	1 163	-
Bank with rating grade BB	372	340
Bank with rating grade CCC	-	10
Cash	153	9
Total	21 484	35 049

The analysis of financial liabilities in time intervals was presented below. The figures constitute non-discounted cash flows, which are the Company's maximum risk exposure.

01/01/2016-31/12/2	Liabilities mature in the period					
Age structure of financial liabilities	Total liabilities	up to 30 days	from 31 to 90 days	from 91 to 365 days	above 365 days (see note below)	
Trade liabilities	16 100	10 293	1 967	2 205	1 636	
Loans and credits	44 654	1 223	2 374	5 801	35 257	
Other financial liabilities	4 834	89	179	793	3 774	
Payroll payable	893	93				
Other liabilities	631	618			13	
Total	67 112	13 115	4 519	8 799	40 680	

Liabilities mature above 365 days	1-3 years	3-5 years	>5 years	Total
Trade liabilities	759	872	5	1 636
Loans and credits	17 467	4 543	13 246	35 257
Other financial liabilities	2 059	1 661	54	3 774
Other liabilities	13	-	-	13
Total	20 298	7 077	13 305	40 680

Unless indicated otherwise, all amounts were given in thousands of PLN

01/01/2015-31/12/2	2015	Liabilities mature in the period		eriod	
Age structure of financial liabilities	Total liabilities	up to 30 days	from 31 to 90 days	from 91 to 365 days	above 365 days (see note below)
Trade liabilities	34 629	7 499	6 068	19 306	1 756
Loans and credits	52 458	720	2 665	15 710	33 363
Other financial liabilities	1 339	34	75	286	944
Payroll payable	863	863			
Other liabilities	1 014	514			500
Total	90 303	9 630	8 808	35 302	36 563

Liabilities mature above 365 days	1-3 years	3-5 years	>5 years	Total
Trade liabilities	1 559	194	3	1 756
Loans and credits	13 371	4 533	15 459	33 363
Other financial liabilities	463	382	99	944
Other liabilities	500	-	-	500
Total	15 893	5 109	15 561	36 563

33. Capital management

The Group manages its capital to retain the capacity to continue as a going concern with the implementation of the planned investments taken into account to be able to generate a return to the shareholders and yield benefits to the other stakeholders.

In accordance with the market practice, the Group monitors capital on the basis of, among other things, the net worth ratio and the credit, loan and other sources of finance to EBITDA ratio.

The ratio concerning the financing of assets with equity is calculated as the equity to total assets ratio. In relation to the previous year, that ratio increased by 0.07.

The debt to equity ratio calculated as the relationship of liabilities to equity decreased from 0.61 as at 31/12/2015 to 0.46 as at 31/12/2016).

The net worth ratio is calculated as the net value of property, plant and equipment (equity less intangibles) to the balance sheet total.

The credits, loans and other sources of finance to EBITDA ratio is calculated as the ratio of credits, loans and other sources of finance to EBITDA. Credits, loans and other sources of finance means the total liability in relation to credits, loans and leases, and EBITDA is the profit from operating activities plus depreciation.

To maintain financial liquidity and credit capacity enabling borrowing at a reasonable cost level, the Company assumes that it will maintain the net worth ratio at the level not lower than 0.3, and of the credits, loans and other sources of finance to EBITDA ratio at the level of up to 10.

Equity to total assets ratio	31/12/2016	31/12/2015
Equity	245 636	228 817
Total assets	358 121	368 184
	0.69	0.62

Unless indicated otherwise, all amounts were given in thousands of PLN

Relationship between liabilities and equity	31/12/2016	31/12/2015
Total liabilities	112 485	139 367
Equity	245 636	228 817
	0.46	0.61

Ratio: Credits, loans and other sources of		
finance/EBITDA	31/12/2016	31/12/2015
Profit from operating activities	38 131	33 694
Plus: depreciation	3 785	6 047
EBITDA	41 917	39 741
Credits, loans and other sources of finance	49 488	53 797
	1.18	1.35
Net worth ratio	31/12/2016	31/12/2015
Total equity less intangibles	238 817	221 964
Balance sheet total	358 121	368 184

34. Financial instruments

The fair value of the financial instruments held by the Group as at 31 December 2016 and 31 December 2015 did not differ considerably from the figures presented in the consolidated financial statements for the particular periods for the following reasons:

- a discounting effect, if any, in relation to short-term instruments is not significant;
- \bullet those instruments concern the transactions effected on market conditions.

Financial assets	Category	31/12/2016	31/12/2015
Trade and other receivables	loans and receivables	4 292	8 271
Short-term financial assets	as above	3 975	7 821
Cash and cash equivalents	as above	17 509	27 228
		25 776	43 320

Unless indicated otherwise, all amounts were given in thousands of PLN

Financial liabilities	Category	31/12/2016	31/12/2015
Long-term loans and bank credits	financial liabilities valued as at the amortised cost	35 257	33 363
Short-term loans and bank credits	as above	9 398	19 095
Trade and other liabilities	as above	14 948	34 629
Payroll payable	as above	893	863
Other liabilities	as above	631	1 014
Other long-term financial liabilities (lease)	as above	3 774	944
Other short-term financial liabilities (lease)	as above	1 058	395
		65 962	90 303

Revenue, cost, profit and loss items included in the statement of total income divided into financial instrument categories

01/01/2016-31/12/2016	Loans and receivables	financial assets held for sale	Financial liabilities valued at the amortised cost	Total
Interest revenues/costs	4	224	(1 597)	(1 370)
Reversal/creation of revaluation deductions	178		-	178
Changes in liabilities in relation to the issue of debt securities, following from the time for meeting the liability getting closer	-		-	-
Total	182	224	(1 597)	(1 192)

Unless indicated otherwise, all amounts were given in thousands of PLN

01/01/2015-31/12/2015	Loans and receivables	Financial liabilities valued at the amortised cost	Total
Interest revenues/costs	49	(1 641)	(1 592)
Reversal/creation of revaluation deductions	56	-	56
Changes in liabilities in relation to the issue of debt securities, following from the time for meeting the liability getting closer	-	(91)	(91)
Total	105	(1 732)	(1 627)

35. Employment structure

The average employment level in the Group in the period from January to December 2016 and January to December 2015 respectively was as follows:

	01/01/2016- 31/12/2016	01/01/2015- 31/12/2015
Management Board of the Parent Entity*	3	3
Management Board of Group entities*	5	5
Administration	53	42
Sales Department	16	17
Production Division	158	187
Other	143	109
Total	378	363

^{*)} Including the Management Board performing its tasks on the basis of the company management agreement (until July 2015), and on the basis of the rules detailed in the Report of the Activity of the Management Board since August 2015.

36. Remuneration of the statutory auditor or entity authorised to audit financial statements

1. For 2016:

a) audit of the annual consolidated financial statements and of annual	
separate financial statements of the INPRO SA Group companies	PLN 79 k
b) review of the interim consolidated financial statements and of	
interim separate financial statements of the INPRO SA Group companies	PLN 26 k

1. For 2015:

a) audit of the annual consolidated financial statements and of annual	
separate financial statements of the INPRO SA Group companies	PLN 79 k
b) review of the interim consolidated financial statements and of	
interim separate financial statements of the INPRO SA Group companies	PLN 26 k

Unless indicated otherwise, all amounts were given in thousands of PLN

37. Events after the balance sheet date

- a) On 03/01/2017 PB DOMESTA Sp. z o.o. signed with z Bank Polska Kasa Opieki SA appendix no 6 to the overdraft agreement. Based on the appendix no 6 termination date was set on 31/12/2017.
- b) On 11/01/2017 PB DOMESTA Sp. z o.o. signed with PEKAO Leasing Sp. z o.o. appendix no 1 to the lease agreement dated 28/11/2016. The lease agreement concerns four single-girder overhead cranes and based on the appendix the acquisition cost was changed from PLN 355 k to PLN 385 k.
- c) On 31/01/2017 PI ISA Sp. z o.o. signed appendix no 24 to the overdraft agreement. Based on the appendix no 24 termination date was set on 04/02/2018.
- d) On 15/02/2017 INPRO SA obtained a building permit regarding stages II, III, IV of the Harmonia Oliwska residential estate in Gdańsk, Opacka Street.
- e) On 24/02/2017 INPRO SA obtained a building permit regarding stage II of Kwartał Uniwersytecki residential estate in Gdańsk, Szczecińska Street
- f) On 15/03/2017 INPRO SA signed an agreement for purchase of land in Gdańsk, Szczecińska Street, for the price not exceeding 10~% of the Issuer's equity.